MACKENZIE MUTUAL FUNDS

All Funds offering Series A, D, F, FB, O, PW, PWFB and PWX units, unless otherwise stated

Mackenzie ChinaAMC All China Bond Fund¹ Mackenzie Tax-Managed Global Equity Fund

FOOTNOTES: (1) Also offers Series AR, PWR and SC.

Please see the footnotes on the inside of the front cover for footnote details.

No securities regulatory authority has expressed an opinion about these units and it is an offence to claim otherwise. The Fund and the units of the Fund offered under this simplified prospectus are not registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and they are sold in the United States only in reliance on exemptions from registration.



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PART A: GENERAL DISCLOSURE

INTRODUCTION

This simplified prospectus contains selected important information to help you make an informed decision about investing in the funds listed on the cover (individually, each is a "Fund" and collectively, they are referred to as the "Funds").

It is important that you select the appropriate series in which to invest, in order to properly address your personal circumstances and investment needs.

This simplified prospectus will help you understand your rights as an investor in the Funds.

To make this document easier to read and understand, we have used personal pronouns throughout much of the text. References to "Mackenzie Investments", "Mackenzie", "our", "we" or "us" generally refer to Mackenzie Financial Corporation in its capacity as trustee and manager of the Funds. References to "you" are directed to the reader as a potential or actual investor in the Funds.

In this document we refer to "**financial advisors**" and "**dealers**". The financial advisor is the individual with whom you consult for investment advice and the dealer is the company or partnership that employs your financial advisor and may include, at our discretion, a company or partnership that has received an exemption from the dealer registration requirements from the Canadian securities regulators.

In this document, all of the mutual funds that we manage, including the Funds, are referred to, collectively, as the "**Mackenzie Funds**" or, each individually, as a "**Mackenzie Fund**". Not all Mackenzie Funds are offered under this simplified prospectus. The Funds are mutual funds which are subject to National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds* ("**NI-81-102**").

This simplified prospectus contains information about the Funds, including the series that comprise the Funds, and the risks of investing in mutual funds generally.

This document is divided into two parts:

- **Part A**, from pages 1 to 32, contains general information about all Mackenzie Funds.
- **Part B**, from pages 33 to 40, contains specific information about the Funds described in this document.

Additional information about each Fund is available in the following documents:

- the annual information form;
- the most recently filed fund facts;
- the most recently filed annual financial statements;
- any interim financial reports filed after those annual financial statements;
- the most recently filed annual management report of fund performance; and

 any interim management report of fund performance filed after that annual management report of fund performance.

These documents are incorporated by reference into this document, which means that they legally form part of this document just as if they were printed as a part of this document. You can get a copy of these documents at your request, and at no cost, by calling us toll-free at **1-800-387-0614**, e-mailing us at **service@mackenzieinvestments.com** or from your financial advisor.

These documents are available on our website at **www.mackenzieinvestments.com** and are also available on the website of SEDAR at **www.sedar.com**.

WHAT IS A MUTUAL FUND AND WHAT ARE THE RISKS OF INVESTING IN A MUTUAL FUND?

What is a Mutual Fund?

A mutual fund is a pool of money contributed by people with similar investment objectives. Investors share the fund's income and expenses, and also the gains and losses that the fund makes on its investments, in proportion to their investment in the fund.

The Funds were established as unit trusts and issue units to investors.

Please refer to the front cover of this simplified prospectus, or to the specific information about each of the Funds in **Part B**, for the series that are available for each Fund pursuant to this document. Some of the Funds may also offer series which are only available on an exempt-distribution basis. The different series of units available under this simplified prospectus are described under the heading **"Purchases, Switches and Redemptions**". We may offer additional series of units of the Funds in the future without notification to, or approval of, investors.

WHAT ARE THE GENERAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN A MUTUAL FUND?

A mutual fund may own many different types of investments – stocks, bonds, securities of other mutual funds, derivatives, cash – depending on the fund's investment objectives. The values of these investments vary from day to day, reflecting changes in interest rates, economic conditions, stock market developments and individual company news. As a result, a mutual fund's net asset value ("**NAV**") will go up and down on a daily basis, and the value of your investment in a mutual fund may be more, or less, when you redeem it than when you purchased it.

We do not guarantee that the full amount of your original investment in a Fund will be returned to you. Unlike bank accounts or guaranteed investment certificates, mutual fund securities are not covered by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government deposit insurer.

Under exceptional circumstances, mutual funds may suspend redemptions. Please see the heading "**Purchases, Switches and Redemptions**" for more details.

Mutual funds are subject to a variety of risks. These risks may cause you to lose money on your mutual fund investment. This section provides a list of the risks of investing in mutual funds. The risks that apply to each Fund offered by this simplified prospectus are listed under the sub-heading "What are the Risks of Investing in the Fund?" for each Fund described in Part B. To the extent that a Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in another mutual fund, the risks of investing in that Fund are similar to the risks of investing in the other mutual fund in which such Fund invests.

Capital Depletion Risk

Some series of the Funds aim to make monthly distributions at a target rate. These monthly distributions will generally be comprised, in whole or in part, of return of capital. When we return your capital this reduces the amount of your original investment and may result in the return of the entire amount of your original investment. Return of capital that is not reinvested will reduce the NAV of the Fund, which could reduce the Fund's ability to generate future income. You should not draw any conclusions about the Fund's investment the balance in the capital account becomes, or is at risk of becoming, zero, monthly distributions may be reduced or discontinued without prior notice.

Commodity Risk

A mutual fund may invest in commodities or in companies engaged in commodity-focused industries and may obtain exposure to commodities using derivatives or by investing in exchange-traded funds, the underlying interests of which are commodities. Commodity prices can fluctuate significantly in short time periods, which will have a direct or indirect impact on the value of such a mutual fund.

Company Risk

Equity investments, such as stocks and investments in trusts, and fixed-income investments, such as bonds, carry several risks that are specific to the company that issues the investments. A number of factors may cause the price of these investments to fall. These factors include specific developments relating to the company, conditions in the market where these investments are traded, and general economic, financial and political conditions in the countries where the company operates. While these factors impact all securities issued by a company, the values of equity securities generally tend to change more frequently and vary more widely than fixed-income securities. As a mutual fund's NAV is based on the value of its portfolio securities, an overall decline in the value of portfolio securities that it holds will reduce the value of the mutual fund and, therefore, the value of your investment.

Concentration Risk

A mutual fund may invest a large portion of its net assets in a small number of issuers, in a particular industry or geographic region, or may use a specific investment style, such as growth or value. A relatively high concentration of assets in or exposure to a single issuer, or a small number of issuers, may reduce the diversification of a mutual fund and may result in increased volatility in the mutual fund's NAV. Issuer concentration may also increase the illiquidity of the mutual fund's portfolio if there is a shortage of buyers willing to purchase those securities.

A mutual fund concentrates on a style or sectors either to provide investors with more certainty about how the mutual fund will be invested or the style of the mutual fund or because a portfolio manager believes that specialization increases the potential for good returns. If the issuer, industry or region faces difficult economic times or if the investment approach used by such mutual fund is out of favour, the mutual fund will likely lose more than it would if it diversified its investments or style. If a mutual fund's investment objectives or strategies require concentration, it may continue to suffer poor returns over a prolonged period of time.

Convertible Securities Risk

Convertible securities are fixed-income securities, preferred stocks or other securities that are convertible into common stock or other securities. The market value of convertible securities tends to decline as interest rates increase and, conversely, to increase as interest rates decline. A convertible security's market value, however, tends to reflect the market price of the issuer's common stock when that price approaches or exceeds the convertible security's "conversion price". The conversion price is defined as the predetermined price at which the convertible security could be exchanged for the associated stock. As the market price of the common stock declines, the price of the convertible security tends to be influenced more by the yield of the convertible security. Thus, it may not decline in price to the same extent as the underlying common stock.

In the event of a liquidation of the issuing company, holders of convertible securities would be paid before the company's common stockholders but after holders of any senior debt obligations of the company. Consequently, the issuer's convertible securities generally entail less risk than its common stock but more risk than its senior debt obligations.

Credit Risk

An issuer of a bond or other fixed-income investment, including asset-backed securities, may not be able to pay interest or to repay the principal at maturity. The risk of such a failure to pay is known as credit risk. Some issuers have more credit risk than others. Issuers with higher credit risk typically pay higher interest rates than interest rates paid by issuers with lower credit risk because higher credit risk companies expose investors to a greater risk of loss. Credit risk can increase or decline during the term of the fixedincome investment.

Companies, governments and other entities, including special purpose vehicles that borrow money, and the debt securities they issue, are assigned credit ratings by specialized rating agencies. The ratings are a measure of credit risk and take into account many factors, including the value of any collateral underlying a fixedincome investment. Issuers with low or no ratings typically pay higher yields but can subject investors to substantial losses. Credit ratings are one factor used by the portfolio managers of the mutual funds in making investment decisions. A credit rating may prove to be wrong, which can lead to unanticipated losses on fixed-income investments. If the market perceives that a credit risk rating is too high, then the value of the investments may decrease substantially. A downgrade in an issuer's credit rating or other adverse news regarding an issuer can reduce a security's market value.

The difference in interest rates between an issuer's bond and a government-issued bond that are otherwise identical in all respects except for the credit rating is known as the credit spread. Credit spreads widen if the market determines that a higher return is necessary to compensate for the increased risk of owning a particular fixed-income investment. An increase in credit spread after the purchase of a fixed-income investment decreases the value of that investment.

Cyber Security Risk

Due to the widespread use of technology in the course of business, the Funds have become potentially more susceptible to operational risks through breaches in cyber security. Cyber security is the risk of harm, loss, and liability resulting from a failure, disruption or breach of an organization's information technology systems. It refers to both intentional and unintentional events that may cause a Fund to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption, or lose operational capacity, which could cause us and/or a Fund to experience disruptions to business operations; reputational damage; difficulties with a Fund's ability to calculate its NAV; or incur regulatory penalties, additional compliance costs associated with corrective measures, and/or financial loss. Cyber attacks may involve unauthorized access to a Fund's digital information systems (e.g., through "hacking" or malicious software coding) for purposes of misappropriating assets or sensitive information, or corrupting data, equipment or systems. Other cyber attacks do not require unauthorized access, such as denial-of-service attacks (i.e., efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users). In addition. cyber attacks on a Fund's third-party service providers (e.g., administrators, transfer agents, custodians and sub-advisors) or issuers that a Fund invests in can also subject a Fund to many of the same risks associated with direct cyber attacks. Similar to operational risks in general, we have established risk management systems designed to reduce the risks associated with cyber security. However, there is no guarantee that such efforts will be successful.

Derivatives Risk

Some mutual funds may use derivatives to pursue their investment objectives. Generally, a derivative is a contract between two parties, whose value is determined with reference to the market price of an asset, such as a currency, commodity or stock, or the value of an index or an economic indicator, such as a stock market index or a specified interest rate (the "**underlying interest**").

Most derivatives are options, forwards, futures or swaps. An option gives the holder the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell the underlying interest at an agreed price within a certain time period. A call option gives the holder the right to buy; a put option gives the holder the right to sell. A forward is a commitment to buy or sell the underlying interest for an agreed price on a future date. A future is similar to a forward, except that futures are traded on exchanges. A swap is a commitment to exchange one set of payments for another set of payments. Some derivatives are settled by one party's delivery of the underlying interest to the other party; others are settled by a cash payment representing the value of the contract.

The use of derivatives carries several risks:

- There is no guarantee that a market will exist for some derivatives, which could prevent the mutual fund from selling or exiting the derivative prior to the maturity of the contract. This risk may restrict the mutual fund's ability to realize its profits or limit its losses.
- It is possible that the other party to the derivative contract ("counterparty") will fail to perform its obligations under the contract, resulting in a loss to a mutual fund.
- When entering into a derivative contract, the mutual fund may be required to provide margin or collateral to the counterparty. If the counterparty becomes insolvent, the mutual fund could lose its margin or its collateral or incur expenses to recover it.
- Some mutual funds may use derivatives to reduce certain risks associated with investments in foreign markets, currencies or specific securities. Using derivatives for these purposes is called hedging. Hedging may not be effective in preventing losses. Hedging may also reduce the opportunity for gain if the value of the hedged investment rises, because the derivative could incur an offsetting loss. Hedging may also be costly or difficult to implement.
- Securities and commodities exchanges could set daily trading limits on options and futures. Such rule changes could prevent the mutual fund from completing a futures or options transaction, causing the mutual fund to realize a loss because it cannot hedge properly or limit a loss.
- Where a mutual fund holds a long or short position in a future whose underlying interest is a commodity, the mutual fund will always seek to close out its position by entering into an offsetting future prior to the first date on which the mutual fund might be required to make or take delivery of the commodity under the future. There is no guarantee that the mutual fund will be able to do so. This could result in the mutual fund having to make or take delivery of the commodity.
- The Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "Tax Act"), or its interpretation, may change in respect of the tax treatment of derivatives.

Emerging Markets Risk

Emerging markets have the risks described under foreign currency risk and foreign markets risk. In addition, they are more likely to experience political, economic and social instability and may be subject to corruption or have lower business standards. Instability may result in the expropriation of assets or restrictions on payment of dividends, income or proceeds from the sale of a mutual fund's securities. In addition, accounting and auditing standards and practices may be less stringent than those of developed countries, resulting in limited availability of information relating to a mutual fund's investments. Further, emerging market securities are often less liquid, and custody and settlement mechanisms in emerging market countries may be less developed, resulting in delays and the incurring of additional costs to execute trades of securities, and/or reduced liquidity. Certain emerging market economies may be susceptible to market ineffiency, volatility and pricing anomalies that may be connected to government influence, a lack of publicly available information, political and social instability and/or the potential application of trade tariffs or protectionist measures with key trading partners.

ETF Risk

A mutual fund may invest in a fund whose securities are listed for trading on an exchange (an "exchange-traded fund" or "ETF"). The investments of ETFs may include stocks, bonds, commodities and other financial instruments. Some ETFs, known as index participation units ("IPUs") attempt to replicate the performance of a widely quoted market index. Not all ETFs are IPUs. While investment in an ETF generally presents the same risks as investment objectives and strategies, it also carries the following additional risks, which do not apply to investment in conventional mutual funds:

- The performance of an ETF may be significantly different from the performance of the index, assets, or financial measure that the ETF is seeking to track. There are several reasons that this might occur, including that ETF securities may trade at a premium or a discount to their NAV or that ETFs may employ complex strategies, such as leverage, making tracking with accuracy difficult.
- An active trading market for ETF securities may fail to develop or fail to be maintained.
- There is no assurance that the ETF will continue to meet the listing requirements of the exchange on which its securities are listed for trading.

Also, commissions may apply to the purchase or sale of ETF securities. Therefore, investment in ETF securities may produce a return that is different than the change in the NAV of these securities.

Extreme Market Disruptions Risk

Certain extreme events, such as natural disasters, war, civil unrest, terrorist attacks, and public health crises like epidemics, pandemics or outbreaks of new infectious diseases or viruses (including, most recently, the novel coronavirus (COVID-19)) can materially adversely affect a Fund's business, financial condition, liquidity or results of operations. The current COVID-19 pandemic is significantly impacting the global economy and commodity and financial markets. To date the COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a slowdown in economic activity, higher unemployment, reduced consumer activity, extreme volatility in financial markets and commodity prices, and a global recession. Governmental responses to COVID-19 have led to significant restrictions on travel, temporary business closures, quarantines, globally. Public health crises, such as the COVID-19 outbreak, can also result in operating, supply chain

and project development delays that can materially adversely affect the operations of third parties in which a Fund has an interest. The duration of any business disruptions and related financial impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown. It is difficult to predict how a Fund may be affected if a pandemic, such as the COVID-19 outbreak, persists for an extended period of time. Similarly, the effects of terrorist acts (or threats thereof), military action or similar unexpected disruptive events on the economies and securities markets of countries cannot be predicted. Natural disasters, war and civil unrest can also have materially adverse impacts on economic enterprises in the impacted countries. All such extreme events may impact Fund performance.

Foreign Currency Risk

The NAVs of most mutual funds are calculated in Canadian dollars. Foreign investments are generally purchased in currencies other than Canadian dollars. When foreign investments are purchased in a currency other than Canadian dollars, the value of those foreign investments will be affected by the value of the Canadian dollar relative to the value of the foreign currency. If the Canadian dollar rises in value relative to the other currency but the value of the foreign investment otherwise remains constant, the value of the investment in Canadian dollars will have fallen. Similarly, if the value of the Canadian dollar has fallen relative to the foreign currency, the value of the mutual fund's investment will have increased.

Some mutual funds may use derivatives such as options, futures, forward contracts, swaps and customized types of derivatives to hedge against losses caused by changes in exchange rates. Please see the "Investment Strategies" section of each Fund description in **Part B** of this simplified prospectus.

Foreign Markets Risk

The value of an investment in a foreign issuer depends on general global economic factors and specific economic and political factors relating to the country or countries in which the foreign issuer operates. The regulatory environment in some foreign countries may be less stringent than in Canada, including legal and financial reporting requirements. There may be more or less information available with respect to foreign companies. The legal systems of some foreign countries may not adequately protect investor rights. Stock markets in foreign countries may have lower trading volumes and sharper price corrections. Some or all of these factors could make a foreign investment more or less volatile than a Canadian investment.

Certain Funds invest in global equity or debt securities. Many foreign countries impose tax on dividends and interest paid or credited to persons who are not resident in such countries. While the Funds intend to make investments in such a manner as to minimize the amount of foreign taxes incurred, investments in global equity and debt securities may subject the Funds to foreign taxes on dividends and interest paid or credited to them or any gains realized on the disposition of such securities. Any foreign taxes incurred by a Fund will generally reduce the value of the Fund's portfolio. Under certain tax treaties, the Funds may be entitled to a reduced rate of tax on foreign income. Some countries require the filing of a tax reclaim or other forms to receive the benefit of the reduced tax rate. Whether or when a Fund will receive the tax reclaim is within the control of the particular foreign country. Information required on these forms may not be available (such as securityholder information); therefore, the Fund may not receive the reduced treaty rates or potential reclaims. Certain countries have conflicting and changing instructions and restrictive timing requirements which may cause a Fund not to receive the reduced treaty rates or potential reclaims. In some instances, it may be costlier to pursue tax reclaims than the value of the benefits received by a Fund. If a Fund obtains a refund of foreign taxes, the net asset value of the Fund will not be restated and the amount will remain in the Fund to the benefit of the thenexisting securityholders.

High Yield Securities Risk

Mutual funds may be subject to high yield securities risk. High yield securities risk is the risk that securities that are rated below investment grade (below "BBB-" by S&P or by Fitch Rating Service Inc., or below "Baa3" by Moody's® Investor's Services, Inc.) or are unrated at the time of purchase may be more volatile than higherrated securities of similar maturity. High yield securities may also be subject to greater levels of credit or default risk than higher-rated securities. The value of high yield securities can be adversely affected by overall economic conditions, such as an economic downturn or a period of rising interest rates, and high yield securities may be less liquid and more difficult to sell at an advantageous time or price or to value than higher-rated securities. In particular, high vield securities are often issued by smaller. less creditworthy companies or by highly leveraged firms, which are generally less able than more financially stable firms to make scheduled payments of interest and principal.

Illiquidity Risk

A mutual fund may hold up to 15% or more of its net assets in illiquid securities. A security is illiquid if it cannot be sold at an amount that at least approximates the amount at which the security is valued. Illiquidity can occur: (a) if the securities have sale restrictions; (b) if the securities do not trade through normal market facilities; (c) if there is simply a shortage of buyers; or (d) for other reasons. In highly volatile markets, such as in periods of sudden interest rate changes or severe market disruptions, securities that were previously liquid may suddenly and unexpectedly become illiquid. Illiquid securities are more difficult to sell, and a mutual fund may be forced to accept a discounted price.

Some high-yield debt securities, which may include but are not limited to security types commonly known as high-yield bonds, floating rate debt instruments and floating rate loans, as well as some fixed-income securities issued by corporations and governments in emerging market economies, may be more illiquid in times of market stress or sharp declines. In addition, the liquidity of individual securities may vary widely over time. Illiquidity in these instruments may take the form of wider bid/ask spreads (i.e., significant differences in the prices at which sellers are willing to sell and buyers are willing to buy that same security). Illiquidity may take the form of extended periods for trade settlement and delivery of securities. In some circumstances of illiquidity, it may be more difficult to establish a fair market value for particular securities, which could result in losses to a fund that has invested in these securities.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rates have an impact on a whole range of investments. Interest rates impact the cost of borrowing for governments, companies and individuals, which in turn impacts overall economic activity. Interest rates may rise during the term of a fixed-income investment. If interest rates rise, then the value of that fixed-income investment generally will fall. Conversely, if interest rates fall, the value of the investment will generally increase.

Longer-term bonds and strip bonds are generally more sensitive to changes in interest rates than other kinds of securities. The cash flow from debt instruments with variable rates may change as interest rates fluctuate.

Changing interest rates can also indirectly impact the share prices of equity securities. When interest rates are high, it may cost a company more to fund its operations or pay down existing debt. This can impair a company's profitability and earnings growth potential, which can negatively impact its share price. Conversely, lower interest rates can make financing for a company cheaper, which can potentially increase its earnings growth potential. Interest rates can also impact the demand for goods and services that a company provides by impacting overall economic activity as described above.

Large Transaction Risk

The securities of some mutual funds are bought by: (a) other mutual funds, investment funds or segregated funds, including Mackenzie Funds; (b) financial institutions in connection with other investment offerings; and/or (c) investors who participate in an asset allocation program or model portfolio program. Independently or collectively, these other parties may, from time to time, purchase, hold or redeem a large proportion of a mutual fund's securities.

A large purchase of a mutual fund's securities will create a relatively large cash position in that mutual fund's portfolio. The presence of this cash position may adversely impact the performance of the mutual fund, and the investment of this cash position may result in significant incremental trading costs, which are borne by all of the investors in the mutual fund.

Conversely, a large redemption of a mutual fund's securities may require the mutual fund to sell portfolio investments so that it can pay the redemption proceeds. This sale may impact the market value of those portfolio investments and result in significant incremental trading costs, which are borne by all of the investors in the mutual fund, and it may accelerate or increase the payment of capital gains distributions to these investors.

Legislation Risk

Securities, tax, or other regulators make changes to legislation, rules, and administrative practice. Those changes may have an adverse impact on the value of a mutual fund.

Market Risk

There are risks associated with being invested in the equity and fixed-income markets generally. The market value of a mutual fund's investments will rise and fall based on specific company developments and broader equity or fixed-income market

conditions. Market value will also vary with changes in the general economic and financial conditions in the countries where the investments are based.

Portfolio Manager Risk

A mutual fund is dependent on its portfolio manager or sub-advisor to select its investments. A balanced fund or an asset allocation fund is also dependent on its portfolio manager or sub-advisor to decide what proportion of the mutual fund's assets to invest in each asset class. Mutual funds are subject to the risk that poor security selection or asset allocation decisions will cause a mutual fund to underperform relative to its benchmark or other mutual funds with similar investment objectives.

Prepayment Risk

Certain fixed-income securities, including mortgage-backed or other asset-backed securities, can be prepaid before maturity. If a prepayment is unexpected or if it occurs faster than predicted, the fixed-income security may pay less income and its value may decrease. In addition, because issuers generally choose to prepay when interest rates are falling, the mutual fund may have to reinvest this money in securities that have lower rates.

Securities Lending, Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Transaction Risk

Certain mutual funds are eligible to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions. In a securities lending transaction, the mutual fund lends its securities through an authorized agent to another party (often called a "**counterparty**") in exchange for a fee and a form of acceptable collateral. In a repurchase transaction, the mutual fund sells its securities for cash through an authorized agent, while, at the same time, it assumes an obligation to repurchase the same securities for cash (usually at a lower price) at a later date. In a reverse repurchase transaction, the mutual fund buys securities for cash while, at the same time, it agrees to resell the same securities for cash (usually at a higher price) at a later date. We have set out below some of the general risks associated with securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions:

- When entering into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions, the mutual fund is subject to the credit risk that the counterparty may go bankrupt or may default under the agreement and the mutual fund would be forced to make a claim in order to recover its investment.
- When recovering its investment on a default, a mutual fund could incur a loss if the value of the securities loaned (in a securities lending transaction) or sold (in a repurchase transaction) has increased relative to the value of the collateral held by the mutual fund.
- Similarly, a mutual fund could incur a loss if the value of the portfolio securities it has purchased (in a reverse repurchase transaction) decreases below the amount of cash paid by such mutual fund to the counterparty, plus interest.

Senior Loans Risk

The risks associated with senior loans are similar to the risks of high yield bonds, although senior loans are typically senior and secured, whereas high yield bonds are often subordinated and unsecured. Investments in senior loans are typically below investment grade and are considered speculative because of the credit risk of their issuers.

Historically, such companies have been more likely to default on their payments of interest and principal owed than companies that issue investment grade securities, and such defaults could reduce the NAV and monthly income distributions of these Funds. These risks may be more pronounced in the event of an economic downturn. Under certain market conditions, the demand for senior loans may be reduced, which may, in turn, reduce prices. No active trading market may exist for certain senior loans, which may impair the ability of a holder of a senior loan to realize full value in the event of the need to liquidate such asset. Adverse market conditions may impair the liquidity of some actively traded senior loans. Although these loans are generally secured by specific collateral, there can be no assurance that such collateral would be available or would otherwise satisfy the borrower's obligation in the event of nonpayment of scheduled interest or principal or that such collateral could be readily liquidated. In these circumstances, the holder of a loan may not receive payments to which it is entitled.

Senior loans may also be subject to certain risks due to longer settlement periods than the settlement periods associated with other securities. Settlement of transactions in most securities occurs two days after the trade date and is referred to as "T+2" settlement. In contrast, transactions in senior loans may have longer than normal settlement periods and have settlement periods that exceed T+2. Unlike equities trades, there is no central clearinghouse for loans, and the loan market has not established enforceable settlement standards or remedies for failure to settle. This potentially longer settlement timeline may create a mismatch between the settlement time for a senior loan and the time in which an investment fund holding the senior loan as an investment must settle redemption requests from its investors.

Series Risk

A mutual fund may offer more than one series, including series that are sold under different simplified prospectuses. If one series of such a mutual fund is unable to pay its expenses or satisfy its liabilities, then the assets of the other series of that mutual fund will be used to pay the expenses or satisfy the liability. This could lower the investment returns of the other series.

Short Selling Risk

Certain mutual funds are permitted to engage in a limited amount of short selling. A short sale is a transaction in which a mutual fund sells, on the open market, securities that it has borrowed from a lender for this purpose. At a later date, the mutual fund purchases identical securities on the open market and returns them to the lender. In the interim, the mutual fund must pay compensation to the lender for the loan of the securities and provide collateral to the lender for the loan.

Short selling involves certain risks:

- There is no assurance that the borrowed securities will decline in value during the period of the short sale by more than the compensation paid to the lender, and securities sold short may instead increase in value.
- A mutual fund may experience difficulties in purchasing and returning borrowed securities if a liquid market for the securities does not exist at that time.
- A lender may require a mutual fund to return borrowed securities at any time. This may require the mutual fund to purchase such securities on the open market at an inopportune time.
- The lender from whom a mutual fund has borrowed securities, or the prime broker who is used to facilitate short selling, may become insolvent and the mutual fund may lose the collateral it has deposited with the lender and/or the prime broker.

Small Company Risk

A mutual fund may make investments in equities and, sometimes, fixed-income securities issued by smaller capitalization companies. These investments are generally riskier than investments in larger companies for several reasons. Smaller companies are often relatively new and may not have an extensive track record. This lack of history makes it difficult for the market to place a proper value on these companies. Some of these companies do not have extensive financial resources and, as a result, they may be unable to react to events in an optimal manner. In addition, securities issued by smaller companies are sometimes less liquid, meaning there is less demand for the securities in the marketplace at a price deemed fair by sellers.

Small/New Fund Risk

A new or smaller mutual fund's performance may not represent how the mutual fund is expected to or may perform in the long term if and when it becomes larger and/or has fully implemented its investment strategies. For both new mutual funds or smaller mutual funds, investment positions may have a disproportionate impact. either positive or negative, on the mutual fund's performance. New and smaller mutual funds may also require a period of time before they are fully invested in a representative portfolio that meets their investment objectives and strategies. A mutual fund's performance may be more volatile during this "ramp-up" period than it would be after the mutual fund is fully invested. Similarly, an investment strategy of a new or smaller mutual fund may require a longer period of time to show returns that are representative of the strategy. New mutual funds have limited performance histories for investors to evaluate and they may not attract sufficient assets to achieve investment and trading efficiencies. If a new or smaller mutual fund were to fail to successfully implement its investment objective or strategies, performance may be negatively impacted, and any resulting redemptions could create larger transaction costs for the mutual fund and/or tax consequences for investors.

Taxation Risk

Each of the Funds is expected to qualify at all material times as a "mutual fund trust" under the Tax Act. If a Fund does not qualify or ceases to qualify as a mutual fund trust under the Tax Act, the income tax considerations described under the heading Income Tax Considerations could be materially and adversely different in some respects. For example, if a Fund does not qualify or ceases to qualify as a mutual fund trust (and is not a registered investment) the Units of the Fund will not be qualified investments for registered plans under the Tax Act. The Tax Act imposes penalities on the annuitants of an RRSP or RRIF, the holder of a TFSA or RDSP or the subscriber of an RESP (each as defined below) for the acquisition or holding of non-qualified investments.

There can be no assurance that the Canada Revenue Agency (the "**CRA**") will agree with the tax treatment adopted by the Fund in filings its tax return. The CRA could reassess the Fund on a basis that results in tax being payable by the Fund or in an increase in the taxable component of distributions considered to have been paid to securityholders. A reassessment by the CRA may result in the Fund being liable for unremitted withholding tax on prior distributions to non-resident securityholders. Such liability may reduce the NAV of securities of the Fund.

Tracking Risk

Certain mutual funds may invest substantially all of their assets in one or more other funds. This occurs where the mutual fund owns securities issued by another fund (an **"Underlying Fund**").

The performance of a mutual fund that invests in an Underlying Fund may differ from the performance of the fund(s) in which it invests in the following respects:

- The fees and expenses of the mutual fund may differ from the fees and expenses of the funds(s) in which it invests.
- There may be a lag between the date on which the mutual fund issues securities to its investors and the date on which the mutual fund invests in other funds.
- Instead of investing in other funds, the mutual fund may hold cash or short-term debt securities in order to satisfy anticipated redemption requests.

ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT OF THE FUNDS

Manager Mackenzie Financial Corporation 180 Queen Street West Toronto, Ontario M5V 3K1	We manage the overall business of each of the Funds, including selecting the portfolio management team for each Fund's portfolio, providing each Fund with accounting and administration services and promoting sales of each Fund's units through independent financial advisors in each province and territory of Canada.
Trustee Mackenzie Financial Corporation Toronto, Ontario	Each of the Funds is organized as a unit trust. When you invest in a Fund, you are buying units of the trust. The trustee holds the actual title to the cash and units owned by the Funds on your behalf.
Portfolio Manager Mackenzie Financial Corporation	In our capacity as manager, we have ultimate responsibility for and directly provide, unless indicated, the portfolio management services provided to the Funds.
Toronto, Ontario	Some of the Funds use a sub-advisor appointed by us to provide advice for a portion or for the entire portfolio. If a sub-advisor has been appointed, they are named in the Fund's "Fund Details" in Part B.
	The portfolio manager or sub-advisor makes the purchase and sale decisions for securities in a Fund's portfolio.
	Under securities law, we are required to advise you that, where portfolio management services are provided by a portfolio manager or sub-advisor located outside of Canada, it may be difficult to enforce any legal rights against them because all or a substantial portion of their assets are likely to be outside of Canada. The sub- advisor China Asset Management Company Limited is located outside of Canada. International sub-advisors are not fully subject to the requirements of Canadian securities legislation, including proficiency, capital, insurance, record keeping, segregation of funds and securities, and statements of account and portfolio. We are responsible for the investment advice given to the Mackenzie Funds by international sub-advisors.
Custodian Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce ("CIBC") Toronto, Ontario	Except as otherwise stated, the custodian has custody of the units in each Fund's portfolio.
Registrar Mackenzie Financial Corporation Toronto, Ontario	As registrar, we keep track of the owners of units of the Funds, process purchase, switch and redemption orders, issue investor account statements and issue annual tax-reporting information.
Auditor Deloitte LLP Toronto, Ontario	The auditor audits the annual financial statements of the Funds and provides an opinion on whether or not the annual financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.
Securities Lending Agent CIBC Toronto, Ontario Bank of New York Mellon New York, New York	CIBC and Bank of New York Mellon act as agents for securities lending transactions for the Funds that engage in securities lending.
Mackenzie Funds' Independent Review Committee	The mandate of the Mackenzie Funds' Independent Review Committee ("IRC") is to review and provide input on our written policies and procedures that deal with conflict-of-interest matters in respect of a Fund and to review and, in some cases, approve conflict-of-interest matters. This includes reviewing a Fund's holdings, purchases and sales of securities of companies related to us. The IRC may also approve certain mergers involving the Funds and any change of the auditor of the Funds. Investor approval will not be obtained in these circumstances, but the affected Fund's investors will be sent a written notice at least 60 days before the effective date of any such merger or change of auditor. The IRC presently consists of the following three members: Robert Hines (Chair), George Hucal and Scott Edmonds.
	Each member of the IRC is independent of us, the Funds and any party related to us. The IRC prepares, at least annually, a report of its activities for investors. This report is available on our website at www.mackenzieinvestments.com, or you may request a copy, at no cost to you, by contacting us at service@mackenzieinvestments.com.

FUND OF FUNDS

Under NI 81-102, a mutual fund may invest some or all of its assets in an Underlying Fund

We may vote the securities of any Underlying Fund that are owned by a Fund if the Underlying Fund is not managed by us. If an Underlying Fund is managed by us or one of our associates or affiliates, we will not vote the securities of any Underlying Fund owned by a Fund, but will instead decide if it is in your best interests for you to vote individually on the matter. Generally, for routine matters, we will decide that it is not in your best interests for you to vote individually. However, if we decide that it is in your best interests, then we will ask you for instructions on how to vote your proportionate share of the Underlying Fund securities owned by the Fund, and we will vote accordingly. We will only vote the proportion of the Underlying Fund securities for which we have received instructions.

PURCHASES, SWITCHES AND REDEMPTIONS

Funds and Series

Each Fund is entitled to the total return (including realized and unrealized gains) on the portfolio assets of that Fund less certain fees and expenses.

Series of Units

Each Fund may issue an unlimited number of series of units and may issue an unlimited number of units within each series. The Funds may offer new series, or cease to offer existing series, at any time, without notification to, or approval from, you. The expenses of each series of each Fund are tracked separately and a separate NAV is calculated for each series. Although the money which you and other investors pay to purchase securities of each series, and the expenses of each series, are tracked on a series-by-series basis in your Fund's administration records, the assets of all series of your Fund are combined into a single pool to create one portfolio for investment purposes.

There are currently eleven (11) series of units available under this simplified prospectus: Series A, AR, D, F, FB, O, PW, PWFB, PWR, PWX and SC units. The particular series available within each Fund under this Simplified Prospectus are listed on the front cover and in the Part B of each Fund. The minimum investment and eligibility requirements of the series offered under this simplified prospectus are detailed below.

Some of the Funds have additional series which are only offered on an exempt-distribution basis.

Series Eligibility and/or Suitability Requirements

The series are subject to their respective minimum investment requirements, as detailed below under "Minimum Initial and Subsequent Investment Requirements".

In addition to the minimum investment requirements, the table below describes the suggested series suitability (your financial advisor can best assist you with determining the right series for you) and any further series eligibility requirements you must meet to qualify to purchase the series. Mackenzie does not monitor the appropriateness of any particular series of a Fund for you, including units that you hold through a discount broker account.

SERIES	SUGGESTED SUITABILITY	ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS		
Series A & SC	Retail investors.	None.		
Series AR	Retail investors in a Registered Disability Savings Plan offered by Mackenzie Investments (" Mackenzie Investments RDSP ")	Only permitted if purchased in your Mackenzie Investments RDSP account.		
Series D	Retail investors.	Only permitted with confirmation from your dealer that you are investing through a discount brokerage account or other account approved by us, and your dealer has entered into an agreement with us relating to the distribution of these units.		
Series F	Retail investors.	Only permitted with confirmation from your dealer that you are enrolled in a dealer-sponsored fee-for-service or wrap program, you are subject to an asset-based fee rather than commissions on each transaction and your dealer has entered into an agreement with us relating to the distribution of these units. Also available to our employees and employees of our subsidiaries*, our directors, and, at our discretion, to former employees of our subsidiaries.		
Series FB	Retail investors.	Only permitted if you negotiate an advisor service fee with your dealer, which is specified within a Series FB/FB5 agreement with us, and if your dealer has entered into an agreement with us relating to the distribution of these units.		

SERIES	SUGGESTED SUITABILITY	ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS
Series O	For investors enrolled in Mackenzie Portfolio Architecture Service or Open Architecture Service and certain institutional investors. Individual clients may hold Series O through an account with a dealer pursuant to a separate agreement with such dealer.	Only permitted if you have entered into a Series O agreement with us which specifies the fees applicable to your account. Also available to certain of our employees and employees of our subsidiaries and, at our discretion, to former employees and to relatives of current and former employees.
Series PW.	For certain high-net-worth investors through our Mackenzie Private Wealth Program. These investors typically have large investments in the Funds and may include high-net-worth investors, institutional investors, other investment funds and other investors.	None.
Series PWFB	For certain high-net-worth investors through our Private Wealth Program. These investors typically have large investments in the Fund and may include high-net-worth investors, institutional investors, and other investors.	Only permitted if you negotiate an advisor service fee with your dealer, which is specified within a Series PWFB/PWFB5 agreement with us, and if your dealer has entered into an agreement with us relating to the distribution of these units.
Series PWR	For certain high net worth investors through our Private Wealth Program; Series PWR is for investors in a Registered Disability Savings Plan offered by Mackenzie Investments (" Mackenzie Investments RDSP ").	Only permitted if purchased in your Mackenzie Investments RDSP account.
Series PWX	For certain high-net-worth investors through our Private Wealth Program. These investors typically have large investments in the Funds and may include high-net-worth investors, institutional investors, other investment funds and other investors.	Only permitted if you negotiate an advisor service fee with your dealer, which is specified within a Series PWX/PWX8 agreement with us.

* If the employee is the Chief Investment Officer or lead portfolio manager of the Fund, then, for Series F, the employee will receive a management fee reduction, as described in the "Management Fees" section of the "Fees And Expenses" table. The effect of this management fee reduction is that the employee will not pay management fees but will still bear his or her *pro rata* share of fund administration fees and fund costs borne by all Series F investors.

<u>Minimum Initial and Subsequent Investment</u> <u>Requirements</u>

There is currently no minimum initial investment requirement for Series AR. For other series, the minimum initial investment requirements are described in Table 1 below.

Please note that we reserve the right to increase, decrease, waive or remove the minimum initial investment requirement to purchase any series of the Funds at any time.

Table 1: Minimum Initial Investment Requirements

Series	Minimum Initial Investment
Series A, D, F, FB and SC units	\$500
Series PW, PWFB, PWR and PWX units	\$100,000
Series O units	\$500,000

The minimum subsequent investment amount for all series is \$100 per Fund unless you buy through a pre-authorized contribution plan, in which case, the minimum is \$50 per Fund.

We reserve the right to change or waive the minimum subsequent investment requirement to purchase any series of the Fund.

<u>Account Aggregation Rules for Minimum Investment</u> <u>Requirements</u>

For the purpose of satisfying the minimum investment requirements described in this section, each of the following is an "Eligible Account":

- an account belonging to you;
- an account belonging to your spouse, or a family member residing at the same address;
- an account belonging to you and your spouse jointly;
- an account belonging to your dependent minor(s);
- an account belonging to a corporation of which you or your spouse own more than 50% of the equity, and control more than 50% of the voting shares;
- Mackenzie Investments Charitable Giving Program account(s) for which you, or any family member residing at the same address as you, act as a donor.

For Series O units, you may combine the value of up to two Eligible Accounts, excluding the value of any of our segregated funds held in these accounts, to satisfy the minimum initial investment requirements. If you satisfy the minimum initial investment requirements in this way, you may purchase any of these series in any of your Eligible Accounts, provided you meet all other eligibility requirements for those series.

For Series PW, PWFB and PWX, and Series PWB, PWF, PWF5, PWF8, PWFB5, PWR, PWT5, PWT8, PWX5 and PWX8 (collectively, the "Private Wealth Series", some of which are offered under a separate simplified prospectus), if you invest more than \$100,000 in securities of Mackenzie Funds across your Eligible Accounts, we may waive the minimum initial investment amount for an Eligible Account in any Private Wealth Series. You are responsible for ensuring your advisor is aware of all Eligible Accounts that should be linked in order to waive the minimum initial investment amount. We will link your Eligible Accounts only after your advisor has communicated your Eligible Account information to us. Generally, neither Mackenzie nor your advisor has the ability to independently determine what accounts should be linked. Mackenzie will, however, automatically link accounts belonging to one individual if the address associated with each account is identical and they have the same dealer representative code. This means that if you have two or more accounts with the same advisor, provided your advisor maintains these accounts under the same dealer representative code, they will be automatically linked by us. Accounts will not be automatically linked if you hold Funds with more than one advisor or dealer. For example, if you also hold Mackenzie Funds in a discount brokerage account, that account will not be automatically linked with an account you hold with your advisor.

Failure to Maintain the Minimum Investment Requirements

Table 2 below sets out the switches or redemptions that we may process if the market value of your investment in a series falls below the specified minimum investment because you redeem units:

Table 2

If you are invested in this series:	We may redeem your investment or switch it into this series:
Series A, D, F, FB, and SC	We may redeem your units, close the account and return the proceeds of redemption to you.
Series PW	Series SC if available, as applicable; otherwise, Series A
Series PWFB	Series FB
Series PWR	Series AR
Series PWX	Series SC if available, as applicable; otherwise, Series A
Series O	Series PWX, otherwise Series SC if available, as applicable; otherwise, Series A.

You should be aware that the management fee rate and administration fee rate charged to the series to which you are switched may be higher than the series of units in which you were invested. You should discuss investing additional money in your account with your financial advisor or dealer during the notice period so that the status of your investment can be maintained. We will not switch or redeem your investment or ask for the increase to the specified minimum investment amount if the account has fallen below that level as a result of a decline in the NAV rather than a redemption of your units.

Failure to Maintain Eligibility Requirements

Table 3 below sets out the switches that we may process if you are no longer eligible for Series D, F, FB and PWFB units because, as applicable, you are no longer enrolled in a dealer-sponsored fee-forservice or wrap program, or you no longer pay a negotiated advisor service fee to your dealer; or you no longer hold your securities through a discount brokerage account.

Table 3

If you are invested in this series:	We may switch your investment into this series:
Series D, F, FB or PWFB	Series SC, if available, otherwise Series A

If you are no longer eligible for a Mackenzie Investments RDSP and therefore can no longer hold Series AR units, we may redeem your units and return the proceeds to the beneficiary. If a request is received to transfer the proceeds (less the assistance holdback amount) to another account type, the Series AR units will be redeemed and the proceeds will be transferred to Series SC units of the Fund, if available, otherwise, Series A units of the Fund in the beneficiary's name. The assistance holdback amount is the total amount of grants and bonds received from the government within the last 10 years. If you redeem prior to this period, the assistance holdback amount must be repaid to the government.

<u>Changes in Series Minimum Investment Requirements or</u> <u>Eligibility Conditions</u>

We may change the minimum investment requirements or terms of eligibility for prospective investors in the various series of units at any time.

We may redeem your units, without notice, if we determine in our discretion that

- you are engaging in inappropriate or excessive shortterm trading;
- for purposes of applicable securities law or tax law, you have become a resident of a foreign jurisdiction where such foreign residency may have negative legal, regulatory or tax implications for the Fund; or
- it would be in the best interest of the Fund to do so.

You remain responsible for all tax consequences, costs and losses, if any, associated with the redemption of units of the Fund upon the exercise by us of our right to switch or redeem your units.

Buying, Selling and Switching Units of the Funds

You may purchase units of the Funds or request switches through your financial advisor or dealer. You may redeem units of the Funds through your financial advisor or dealer or through us. The financial advisor or dealer you select is your agent to provide you with investment recommendations to meet your own risk/return objectives and to place orders to purchase, switch, or redeem on your behalf. We are not liable for the recommendations given to you by your financial advisor and we are entitled to rely on electronic or other instructions that a financial advisor or dealer provides to us without verifying your instructions.

If we receive your order before 4:00 p.m. (Toronto time) on any day on which the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "**TSX**") is open for trading (a "**trading day**"), we will process your order at the NAV calculated later that day. Otherwise, we will process your order at the NAV calculated on the next trading day. We may process orders at an earlier time if the TSX closes for trading earlier on a particular day. (Orders received after that earlier closing time would be processed on the next trading day.)

We calculate the NAV of each Fund at the close of trading on the TSX on each trading day. We calculate a NAV for each series of units of each Fund in the following manner:

- adding up the series' proportionate share of the cash, portfolio units and other assets of the Fund;
- subtracting the liabilities applicable to that series of units (which includes the series' proportionate share of common liabilities, plus liabilities directly attributable to the series); and
- **dividing** the net assets by the total number of units of that series owned by investors.

We must receive the appropriate documentation and payment for the units purchased within two (2) trading days of receiving your purchase order. We are entitled to reject any purchase order, but we can only do so within one (1) day of receiving it. If we reject an order, we will return immediately to your dealer any monies we have received from you in connection with that order, without interest. If we have received your payment but the documentation for your purchase is incomplete, we will invest your money in Series SC securities of Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund, offered under a separate simplified prospectus, unless your account is a Mackenzie Investments RDSP, in which case, we will invest your money in Series AR securities of Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund.

Once we know the Mackenzie Fund(s) you have selected and we have received your documentation in good order, we will switch this investment into the Mackenzie Fund(s) you have selected, without any additional charge, at the NAV(s) of the Mackenzie Fund(s) on that switch date.

We offer four main purchase options:

- the sales charge purchase option ("SCS"),
- the low-load 2 purchase option ("LL2"),
- the low-load 3 purchase option ("LL3"), and
- the redemption charge purchase option ("RCS").

Each of the low-load 2 purchase option, the low-load 3 purchase option and the redemption charge purchase option is a "**Deferred Sales Charge**" purchase option. Table 4 below sets out the availability of these purchase options by series.

Table 4

Series	SCS	LL2	LL3	RCS
A and AR	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
All other series	\checkmark			

* Mackenzie ChinaAMC All China Bond Fund offers Series SC under the sales charge purchase option. Where a Fund offers Series SC under the sales charge purchase option, it will not offer Series A under the sales charge purchase option because purchasing Series SC under the sales charge purchase option is a lower cost option.

You may be required to pay a redemption charge on your Series A or AR units purchased under any of the Deferred Sales Charge purchase options in the table above. The redemption charge is a percentage of the value of your investment at the time of redemption and declines at the rates shown under "Redemption Charge Purchase Option", "Low-Load 2 Purchase Option" and "Low-Load 3 Purchase Option" in the "Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by You" table, which may be found in the "Fees and Expenses" section of this document.

We may waive such redemption charges, in our discretion, where

- the charge is incurred because there are unforeseen and extraordinary personal circumstances related to the settlement of an estate; or
- you redeem your Series AR units because you no longer meet the requirements to qualify for a Mackenzie Investments RDSP or because you are deceased, and the entire proceeds of the redemption are used to purchase a different series of the Fund under the sales charge purchase option.

If you are redeeming Series A or AR units that were purchased under a Deferred Sales Charge purchase option and switched from another Mackenzie Fund, the redemption charge rate is based on the date the original units were purchased in the other Fund or the Mackenzie Fund in order to reduce your redemption charge. If, however, you are redeeming Series AR units that were purchased under a Deferred Sales Charge purchase option through a regular investment plan (such as a PAC), and your Series AR units were switched from another series, currently, the redemption charge rate may be determined on an annual basis, such that, for each year that you owned the original series, we may deem the date of your first purchase of the series in that year as the "original purchase date" for all series purchased in that year.

If you own Series A or AR units that were purchased under a Deferred Sales Charge purchase option, we will automatically switch

your units into the sales charge purchase option of the same series of the same Fund on the second Friday of the month following the expiry of your redemption fee schedule, subject to certain exceptions outlined in the paragraph below. In all cases where we are switching you within the same series, your management fees will not change. If instead you would like such units, upon the expiry of your redemption schedule, to be switched to a fee-for service series, you may participate in our Systematic DSC to Fee-for-Service Series Switching Program. Please see the "**Optional Services**" section of this simplified prospectus for more details about this service.

For Series A of Mackenzie ChinaAMC All China Bond Fund, that does not offer a sales charge purchase option, we will switch your units into the sales charge purchase option of Series SC of the same Fund on the second Friday of the month following the expiry of your redemption fee schedule. In all cases where we are switching into a different series of a Fund, your management fees will be reduced. See the **"Fees and Expenses"** section of this document.

Upon the automatic switch into the sales charge purchase option, the trailing commission paid to your dealer will be as shown in the "**Dealer Compensation**" section of this document. Note that the increase in trailing commission on the switch, as shown in the "**Dealer Compensation**" section, would have increased in any case since, generally, the trailing commission automatically increased upon the completion of your redemption fee schedule to the equivalent amount of the trailing commission paid in respect of the sales charge purchase option of the applicable Fund.

There are no charges levied when we implement this switch.

If you hold Series A or AR units of the Fund purchased under a Deferred Sales Charge purchase option, you can redeem the following amounts of those series of units of the Fund each calendar year without paying a redemption charge (the "**free redemption amount**"):

- up to 10% of the market value of units of a Fund owned by you as of December 31 of the previous calendar year; plus
- up to 10% of the cost of any new purchases of those securities of that Fund in the current calendar year before the redemption order; less
- any cash dividends or distributions from the Fund that you received on the securities of that Fund in the current year.

If your free redemptions plus cash dividends or distributions received exceed your free redemption amount in a given year, the excess will carry forward to reduce your free redemption amount in the following year. You cannot carry forward any unused portion of the free redemption amount to another year. Some investors may not be eligible to receive the free redemption amount if they switched units of other Mackenzie Funds without a free redemption right into units of the Fund. Refer to the simplified prospectus and annual information form of the Mackenzie Funds originally purchased to determine whether you are eligible.

Your choice of purchase option affects the sales charges you, or we, will pay to your dealer, if any, and the amount of sales commissions and other compensation that is paid to your dealer. See the tables

in the "Fees and Expenses" and "Dealer Compensation" sections of this document.

We follow the principles listed below to reduce your redemption charges for units that you purchase under a Deferred Sales Charge purchase option:

- we will always redeem any available free redemption amounts first;
- then, we will redeem units you purchased the earliest;
- we will give your units acquired as an automatic reinvestment of Fund distributions the same date of issue as the units on which the distribution was paid; and
- we will give units that you switch within the same purchase option, the same date of issue as the units which you owned before the switch. If the switch is not between units purchased under the same purchase option, the units switched will be dated as of the date of the switch.

The amount that you will receive for your redemption order is based on the Fund's NAV for the series of units next calculated after your redemption order has been received in good order. Your redemption order must be in writing or, if you have made arrangements with your dealer, by electronic means through your dealer. If you have a security certificate, you must present the certificate at the time of your redemption request. To protect you from fraud, redemptions above certain dollar amounts require that your signature on your redemption order (and certificate, if applicable) be guaranteed by one of a bank, trust company, member of a recognized stock exchange or any other organization satisfactory to us.

Under exceptional circumstances we may be unable to process your redemption order of a Fund. This would most likely occur if market trading has been suspended on stock exchanges, options exchanges or futures exchanges on which more than 50% by value of the Fund's assets are listed and if the Fund's portfolio units cannot be traded on any other exchange that represents a reasonably practical alternative to that Fund. During these periods, units of the Fund will also not be issued or switched. For the purposes of making this determination, the Fund will be considered to own directly the securities owned by any Underlying Funds whose securities are owned by the Fund.

You can switch your investment among the series of a Fund available for sale within a Fund or from any of the Funds to another Mackenzie Fund available through your dealer, with the following exception:

 if you are in a Mackenzie Investments RDSP, you may only switch your Series AR units to Series AR units of another Fund

You are also permitted to make switches among purchase options in accordance with our policies and procedures. **However, if you do this, you may incur additional sales or redemption charges.** To avoid those charges, units you purchased under a particular type of Deferred Sales Charge purchase option should only be switched for other units to be purchased under that same type of Deferred Sales Charge purchase option. You may not switch units you bought under the redemption charge purchase option to other units to be purchased under a low-load purchase option, you may not switch between lowload purchase options, and you may not switch units bought under a low-load purchase option to other units to be purchased under the redemption charge purchase option.

For units purchased under the redemption charge purchase option, the low-load 2 purchase option and the low-load 3 purchase option, you may wish to switch your annual free redemption amount to the sales charge purchase option of the Fund you are switching into in order not to lose that entitlement, since the free redemption amount cannot be carried forward to succeeding years. We do not make an automatic switch of the free redemption amount to the sales charge purchase option and only act on proper instructions.

Your dealer is paid a higher trailing commission on sales charge securities and, in most cases, will be paid a higher trailing commission if your redemption charge units are switched into another series of units. Please refer to the "**Trailing Commissions**" section of this document.

We have created Series GP securities of Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund (offered under a separate simplified prospectus) to assist you in making investments into our Guided Portfolio Service. By signing our GPS Client Agreement, when you purchase Series GP securities of Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund, you have instructed us, on the business day following the settlement of your purchase (and subject to the receipt of a signed Schedule "A" to your Mackenzie GPS Client Agreement, if applicable) to automatically switch your Series GP securities to securities of the Fund and, where applicable, other Mackenzie Funds, that comprise your chose portfolio, according to your target allocations. "Business Day" means any day a Fund is open to accept orders to purchase or redeem units. Please refer to the "Optional Services" section of this document for a full description of this service.

The following table summarizes which switch transactions will be taxable to you if your units are held outside a registered plan.

Table 5

Type of Switch	Taxable	Non-Taxable
From any series and/or purchase option to any other series and/or purchase option of the same Fund		\checkmark
All other switches	\checkmark	

Short-Term Trading

We have adopted policies and procedures to detect and deter inappropriate and excessive short-term trading.

We define an inappropriate short-term trade as a combination of a purchase and redemption, including switches between Mackenzie Funds, made within 30 days, which we believe is detrimental to Fund investors and that may take advantage of Mackenzie Funds with investments priced in other time zones or illiquid investments that trade infrequently.

We define excessive short-term trading as a combination of purchases and redemptions, including switches between Mackenzie Funds, that occurs with such frequency within a 30-day period that we believe is detrimental to Fund investors.

Inappropriate short-term trading may harm Fund investors who do not engage in these activities by diluting the NAV of the Fund's units as a result of the market timing activities of other investors. Inappropriate and excessive short-term trading may cause a Fund to carry an abnormally high cash balance and/or high portfolio turnover rate, both of which may reduce the Fund's returns.

All trades that we determine to be inappropriate short-term trades will be subject to a 2% fee. All trades that we determine to be part of a pattern of excessive short-term trading will be subject to a 1% fee. The fees charged will be paid to the Fund.

We may take such additional action as we consider appropriate to prevent further similar activity by you. These actions may include the delivery of a warning to you, placing you or your account(s) on a watch list to monitor your trading activity and the subsequent rejection of further purchases by you if you continue to attempt such trading activity and/or closure of your account.

In determining whether a short-term trade is inappropriate or excessive, we will consider relevant factors, including the following:

- bona fide changes in investor circumstances or intentions;
- unanticipated financial emergencies;
- the nature of the Mackenzie Fund;
- past trading patterns;
- unusual market circumstances; and
- an assessment of harm to the Mackenzie Fund or to us.

The following types of redemptions (including switches) will be exempt from short-term trading fees:

- from money market or similar funds (offered under a separate simplified prospectus). These Mackenzie Funds are exempt from short-term trading fees because they are unlikely to be exposed to the adverse effects of shortterm trading.
- from an Underlying Fund by the Fund in a fund-of-funds program or other similar program;
- for our asset allocation programs, excluding manual rebalancing in our Guided Portfolio Service;
- for systematic withdrawal plans;
- redemptions of units received on the reinvestment of income or other distributions;
- redemptions of units to pay management fees, administration fees, operating expenses, fund costs and/or advisor fees with respect to Series FB, O, PWFB or PWX units; and

 automatic rebalancing of your holdings within our Guided Portfolio Service, which will not, in any circumstances other than a manual rebalancing, result in short-term trading fees being charged.

In making these judgments, we seek to act in a manner that we believe is consistent with your best interests. Your interests and the Mackenzie Funds' ability to manage its investments may be adversely affected by inappropriate or excessive short-term trading because, among other things, these types of trading activities can dilute the value of Mackenzie Fund securities, can interfere with the efficient management of a Mackenzie Fund portfolio and can result in increased brokerage and administrative costs.

While we will actively take steps to monitor, detect and deter inappropriate and excessive short-term trading, we cannot ensure that such trading activity will be completely eliminated. For example, certain financial institutions may offer alternative investment products to the public that are comprised, in whole or in part, of securities of Mackenzie Funds. These institutions may open accounts with us on behalf of multiple investors whose identity and trading activity is not normally recorded on our transfer agent system.

We reserve the right to restrict, reject or cancel, without any prior notice, any purchase or switch order, including transactions that we deem to represent inappropriate or excessive short-term trading.

OPTIONAL SERVICES

Dollar-Cost Averaging Service

Our Dollar-Cost Averaging ("DCA") Service is a systematic way for you to invest in a Fund or Mackenzie Funds over time. On a weekly, bi-weekly or monthly basis, over a six (6) or twelve (12) month period (the "DCA Period"), equal amounts (based on your initial instructions, which you may change at a later date) will be switched by redeeming units of one Mackenzie Fund (referred to as the "Starting Fund") and purchasing units of another Mackenzie Fund(s) (referred to as the "Target Fund(s)"). Series AR units are not eligible to participate in this service.

Systematic switches under the DCA Service will take place between the same purchase options, namely, sales charge purchase option, redemption charge purchase option, low-load 2 purchase option or low-load 3 purchase option. Short-term trading fees do not apply to units switched through this service.

The DCA Service is only available to you if you purchase units designated by us, from time to time, and complete the required setup forms.

The scheduled switches will be completed at the applicable NAV of the units on the transaction date. Where the selected switch date is not a trading day, the switch will be moved forward to the next trading day.

At the end of the DCA Service, any distributions paid and reinvested in securities of the Starting Fund will automatically be switched by the DCA Service into securities of the Target Fund according to the Target Fund's code. Each Mackenzie Fund has a numerical code assigned to it ("Fund Code"). These Fund Codes are used to facilitate electronic transaction processing according to industry standards. If you have more than one Target Fund, the switch will be made to the Target Fund with the lowest Fund Code. If you have more than one DCA program running under the DCA Service and the DCA Periods overlap, the reinvested securities of the Starting Fund will be switched into securities of the Target Fund(s) at the end of the latest DCA Period.

You can terminate a DCA program at any time before a scheduled switch date, as long as we receive at least three (3) business days' notice, or by switching all of the applicable securities out of the Starting Fund.

Guided Portfolio Service

Our Guided Portfolio Service ("**GPS**") is an automatic portfolio rebalancing service that allows you to invest in any number of Mackenzie Funds with specific target fund allocations selected by you, creating your own customized portfolio of investments. We will then rebalance these holdings from time to time, based on your chosen frequency and rebalancing range, to make sure that your portfolio mix is allocated in line with your initial target instructions. Rebalancing is achieved by switching your investments among the Mackenzie Funds selected by you. This may result in a redemption of your securities and cause you to realize a capital gain or loss. Please see the "**Purchases, Switches and Redemptions**" section of this document.

With minor exceptions, all of the series of all of the Funds are eligible for this service. You may also hold securities of other Mackenzie Funds within the same account and keep them separate from the funds you wish to comprise your rebalancing portfolio.

To participate in this service, you must first complete and sign our GPS Client Agreement. By completing this form, you authorize us to monitor your portfolio and to rebalance it at intervals selected by you (together with the help of your financial advisor), which can be monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually.

In order to facilitate investing in the service, we have created Series GP securities of the Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund, offered under a separate simplified prospectus. When you enrol in the service, you have the option of using this series to direct your investment into your selected Mackenzie Funds upon the activation of your portfolio rebalancing service. Series GP securities are available for purchase under all purchase options, to coincide with your preferred purchase option for the Mackenzie Funds that will comprise your portfolio.

Upon activation of your rebalancing service, your Series GP securities of Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund will automatically be switched (at no cost) and allocated amongst the various Mackenzie Funds you have elected to include in your Portfolio.

Series GP securities are only available for investment to facilitate portfolio construction using this service. If you invest in Series GP and have not submitted the GPS Client Agreement specifying your target fund allocations and rebalancing preferences within 30 days, we will switch your investment to a different series of Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund as follows:

- to Series SC if you held your Series GP securities under the sales charge purchase option; or
- to Series A if you held your Series GP securities under any other purchase option.

Rebalancing will occur at the intervals you specify, provided the current fund allocations are outside of a range anywhere between 2% and 10% (you select the rebalancing range, which must be in increments of 0.5%) above or below your stated target allocation at the time you enroll in the service. Your portfolio will be rebalanced to be within the tolerance range you have selected and not to the target allocation.

If you redeem all of your investments in a Mackenzie Fund that was part of your target fund allocation without providing us with an amended GPS Client Agreement, then, at the time of your next scheduled rebalancing, we will rebalance the remaining Funds in your portfolio and proportionately reallocate your investments amongst the same Funds in your current target fund allocation (including the redeemed Fund).

You always retain the option of changing your target allocation, rebalancing ranges or rebalancing frequency of your portfolio upon further written instructions to us or through your dealer using an Amendment Form to our GPS Client Agreement. You may also request a manual rebalancing of your portfolio outside of the scheduled automatic rebalancing period at any time. Be advised that, in some cases, a manual rebalancing may trigger short-term trading fees. Please see the "Purchases, Switches and Redemptions", "Short-Term Trading" section of this document for details of our short-term trading policy.

There are no separate fees for this program. Any applicable mutual fund charges will apply. There is no minimum investment requirement in this service.

All of the terms and conditions of the service are on the GPS Client Agreement, which is available from your dealer or at <u>www.mackenzieinvestments.com</u>.

One-Step Dollar-Cost Averaging Service

Our One-Step Dollar-Cost Averaging ("One-Step DCA") Service provides a systematic way for you to invest in a Fund over time. Each week, we will invest 1/52nd of your original investment from Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund (offered under a separate simplified prospectus), Series DA or DF, as applicable (the "DA/DF Allocator Fund") into the Fund you pre-select from a list of eligible Funds (the "DA/DF Target Fund").

No forms are required to participate in the One-Step DCA Service. With the help of your financial advisor, you need only select the fund code for the Series DA or Series DF unit from the DA/DF Allocator Fund that corresponds to the series of the DA/DF Target Fund in which you wish to invest over the ensuing 52-week period.

Systematic switches under the One-Step DCA Service will take place within the same purchase option under which you purchased your Series DA or DF units. Short-term trading fees or switch fees will not apply to units that are automatically switched through this service. The scheduled switches will be completed at the applicable NAV of the securities on the transaction date. Where the switch date is not a trading day, the switch will occur on the next trading day following the switch date.

If you no longer wish to be a part of the One-Step DCA Service, you must switch or redeem all of your Series DA or DF units, as applicable. In this case, you may be subject to switch fees or redemption charges. Please refer to the "Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by You" section of this simplified prospectus for further details.

Open Architecture Service

If you meet the minimum investment requirement for the Portfolio Architecture Service (discussed below) you may wish to construct portfolios solely in conjunction with your financial advisor. In this case, we offer certain administrative services that are available in the Portfolio Architecture Service, namely, personalized client statements and portfolio monitoring services, based on instructions provided by you and your financial advisor.

Your financial advisor can provide you with additional details about the Open Architecture Service. The fees payable for this service are listed under "Open Architecture Service Fees" in the "Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by You" table, in the "Fees and Expenses" section of this document.

Portfolio Architecture Service

The Portfolio Architecture Service is a portfolio service that we offer. We have developed a number of model portfolios (the "**Model Portfolios**") comprised exclusively of a selection of Mackenzie Funds. The Mackenzie Funds in the Model Portfolios may consist of either equity funds, fixed-income funds, or a combination of such funds. There are Model Portfolios suitable for investors with different time horizons and tolerances for risk. Utilizing a Model Portfolio gives you the ability to invest in a portfolio of investments that are maintained to your specific needs.

To be eligible for this service, you must

- (a) invest a minimum of \$500,000 in Mackenzie Funds, exclusive of any investments in Series AR units; and
- (b) invest at least 51% of your portfolio in Series O and/or one or more of the Private Wealth Series.

You may combine the value of all your Eligible Accounts in order to satisfy the minimum initial investment requirement for this service.

Under this service, you will meet with your financial advisor to determine your investment objectives, your investment time horizon and your level of appropriate investment risk. To aid in this process, we make available to you and your financial advisor a dedicated Portfolio Architecture Service questionnaire.

Once you complete the questionnaire with your financial advisor, your financial advisor will score the questionnaire and suggest to you an appropriate percentage weighting for your portfolio of equity and fixed-income. Exposure to the different asset classes in a Model Portfolio will be achieved using a recommended list of Funds with specified minimum and maximum percentage ranges ("**Permitted** **Ranges**") to be invested in each Fund. Your financial advisor will then propose a Model Portfolio for your consideration.

Your financial advisor will review the proposed Model Portfolio with you and, with your approval, changes may be made with respect to Fund selection, Permitted Ranges and asset class weightings based on your financial advisor's knowledge of your overall financial circumstances and taking into account what is considered suitable to meet your particular investment needs and requirements. The responsibility for achieving this rests with your dealer and financial advisor. Once an acceptable Model Portfolio is agreed upon, an agreement is entered into between you, the dealer, your financial advisor and us that sets out the agreed upon Model Portfolio and the terms and conditions under which it will be managed for you. We will also prepare an Investment Policy Statement for you that we will deliver to your financial advisor for your review. We will then prepare an investment allocation sheet ("IAS") which sets out how your assets will be invested among your various accounts under the Model Portfolio. Once you have reviewed the IAS with your financial advisor, the necessary mutual fund trades to implement your Model Portfolio solution will be executed by your dealer.

We will monitor your agreed upon Model Portfolio, rebalance holdings in the Mackenzie Funds within the Permitted Ranges, which may be adjusted in our discretion. We may, from time to time, replace a Mackenzie Fund (a) due to it being terminated, or for any other similar reason that no longer allows the Fund to participate as part of a Model Portfolio, or (b) when another Fund is considered by us to be more appropriate, provided that the investment objectives and strategies of the two Funds are substantially similar. We may also make changes to the asset classes and Permitted Ranges upon providing you with 60 days prior written notice. All of these changes will be done under the terms of the agreement entered into with you. Changes to your Model Portfolio arising from changes in your financial circumstances or risk profile, which have been reviewed with you by your financial advisor, will be made, with your approval.

Your financial advisor can provide you with additional details about the Portfolio Architecture Service. The fees payable for this service are listed under "Portfolio Architecture Service Fees" in the "Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by You" table, in the "Fees and Expenses" section of this document.

Pre-Authorized Contribution Plans

You can make regular purchases of the Funds through a preauthorized contribution plan ("**PAC**"). You can invest weekly, biweekly, semi-monthly, monthly, bi-monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually. Each investment must be at least \$50 per Fund. Ask your financial advisor for an authorization form to start the plan. There is no administrative charge for this service.

When you enrol in a PAC, your dealer will send you a complete copy of the Funds or other Mackenzie Funds' current Fund Facts, along with a PAC form agreement (a "**Form**") as described below. Upon request, you will also be provided with a copy of the Funds' simplified prospectus.

You will not receive the Fund Facts when you make any subsequent purchases under the PAC unless you request this at the time of your

initial investment, or subsequently send a request. You can get copies of these documents at **www.mackenzieinvestments.com** or at www.sedar.com, from your dealer, by calling us toll-free at **1-800-387-0614** or by e-mailing us at **service@mackenzieinvestments.com**. We will only send you an updated copy of the Fund Facts annually upon renewal and any amendments if you have requested them.

You have a statutory right to withdraw from an initial purchase of the Funds under the PAC plan, but you do not have a statutory right to withdraw from subsequent purchases of the Fund under the PAC. However, you will continue to have all other statutory rights under securities law, including a right of action for damages or rescission in the event any Fund Facts or document incorporated by reference in any renewal simplified prospectus contains any misrepresentation, whether or not you have requested the Fund Facts.

You may change or terminate your PAC at any time before a scheduled investment date as long as we receive at least ten (10) business days' notice.

The Canadian Payments Association has implemented Rule H1, which is intended to protect consumers from unauthorized debits. On PAC enrolment, you must be given the form or disclosure that describes the PAC terms and conditions and investors' rights. By enrolling in a PAC, you are deemed to

- waive any pre-notification requirements;
- authorize us to debit your bank account;
- authorize us to accept changes from your registered dealer or financial advisor;
- agree to release your financial institution of all liability if your request to stop a PAC is not respected, except where the financial institution is grossly negligent;
- agree that a limited amount of your information will be shared with the financial institution for the purpose of administering your PAC;
- agree that you are fully liable for any charges incurred if the debits cannot be made due to insufficient funds or any other reason for which you may be held accountable; and
- be aware that you have rights and that you can change your instructions at any time, on ten (10) days' advance notice to us and that you can find out more about your right to cancel a pre-authorized debit agreement by contacting your financial institution or by visiting <u>www.cdnpay.ca</u>.

Registered Plans

You can open certain registered plans offered by us through your dealer. We offer the following plans (collectively referred to as "registered plans"):

- registered retirement savings plans ("RRSPs"), including
 - locked-in retirement accounts ("LIRAs"),

- locked-in retirement savings plans ("LRSPs"),
- restricted locked-in savings plans ("RLSPs"),
- registered retirement income funds ("**RRIFs**"), including
 - life income funds ("LIFs"),
 - locked-in retirement income funds ("LRIFs"),
 - prescribed retirement income funds ("PRIFs"),
 - restricted life income funds ("RLIFs"),
- tax-free savings accounts ("TFSAs"),
- registered education savings plans ("RESPs"),
- registered disability savings plans ("RDSPs"), and
- deferred profit-sharing plans ("**DPSPs**").

Please see the **"Fund Eligibility Requirements**" section in the applicable Mackenzie Fund simplified prospectus for more information.

B2B Trustco is the trustee of our registered plans.

Systematic DSC to Fee-for-Service Series Switching Program

Participating in Systematic DSC to Fee-for-Service Series Switching Program allows you to periodically and systematically switch securities purchased under LL2, LL3 or RCS purchase options (together, the "**Deferred Sales Charge options**") upon the expiry of the redemption fee schedule ("**Matured Units**"), to the chosen feefor-service series (Series F, Series FB, or if eligible, Series PWFB or Series PWX) (the "**Fee-for-Service Series**"), of the same Mackenzie Fund. Upon enrolling in the Program, we will automatically switch your Matured Units into the chosen Fee-for-Service Series of the Fund on the second Friday of the month following the date that your securities purchased under a Deferred Sales Charge option become Matured Units. Short-term trading fees do not apply to securities switched through this service; however, you may have to pay a negotiable switch fee to your financial advisor.

You may change or terminate this program at any time before a scheduled investment date as long as we receive at least three (3) business days' notice.

Systematic Transfer and Exchange Program

Our Systematic Transfer and Exchange Program ("STEP") allows you to periodically and systematically move money from the Starting Fund to the Target Fund, within the same account or a different account. STEP is applicable to all series offered under this simplified prospectus. You may switch an amount of your choice to another Mackenzie Fund on a weekly, bi-weekly, semi-monthly, monthly, bimonthly, quarterly, semi-annual and annual basis and you may make changes to (a) the Target Fund; (b) the frequency of the switch; and (c) the amount switched, upon three (3) business days' written notice to us. We will automatically sell securities of the Starting Fund and use the proceeds to buy securities of the Target Fund. Short-term trading fees do not apply to securities switched through this service; however, you may have to pay a negotiable switch fee to your financial advisor. If you hold your securities outside a registered plan, you may realize a capital gain or loss. Capital gains are taxable. Where the selected switch date is not a trading day, the switch will be moved forward to the next trading day.

You may change or terminate a STEP at any time before a scheduled investment date, as long as we receive at least three (3) business days' notice.

Systematic Withdrawal Plans

You can set up a systematic withdrawal plan ("SWP") if you have at least \$5,000 invested in the Fund in your account. You can choose when to withdraw (weekly, bi-weekly, semi-monthly, monthly, bi-monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually) and how much to redeem each time. There is no administrative charge for this program. The program is not available for some types of registered plans and for certain series of units. Please understand that regular withdrawals could eventually eliminate your entire investment if you do not make additional purchases in your account.

You may change or terminate your SWP at any time before a scheduled withdrawal date as long as we receive at least three (3) business days' notice.

Telephone Redemption Service

At times, it may be more convenient for you to telephone us directly to place a redemption order for the Fund. The telephone number is **1-800-387-0614**. Your financial advisor can give you our Telephone Redemption Service application form. This service is not available to redeem units held in a registered plan or for units in accounts held in your dealer's or other intermediary's name. We recommend that you always consult your financial advisor before placing a redemption order.

Your redemption proceeds will be transferred electronically to your bank account. To protect both you and us from fraud, for redemptions above certain dollar thresholds, your signature on the application form must be guaranteed by one of a bank, trust company, member of a recognized stock exchange or any other organization satisfactory to us. There is no additional charge for using the Telephone Redemption Service.

FEES AND EXPENSES

The tables below list the fees and expenses that you may have to pay if you invest in a Fund. You may have to pay some of these fees and expenses directly. Alternatively, a Fund may have to pay some of these fees and expenses directly, which will therefore reduce the value of your investment in a Fund. Unless otherwise indicated, the Funds pay management fees, administration fees and fund costs. The management fees and any administration fees are paid to us as manager of the Funds. The management fee is paid in exchange for the investment advisory services provided to the Funds, including portfolio analysis and decision-making, ensuring that all activities of the Funds are in compliance with their investment objectives and strategies, as well as marketing and promotion of the Funds. As shown in the tables below, the annual management fees and administration fees vary by series. You should make a specific request to purchase any applicable lower-fee series you may be eligible to purchase, or to switch your existing units to any applicable lower-fee series you are eligible to purchase through your dealer.

The fees for Series O units of the Funds are negotiable by you and payable directly to us. Parties related to us and our employees and employees of our subsidiaries may be charged fees that are lower than those available to other investors. For Series O units, this fee can be paid (1) by cheque or by the redemption of Series O units you hold, if (i) you have a minimum of \$5,000,000 invested in Series O units and (ii) you hold your units outside of a registered plan; or (2) by the redemption of Series O units you hold, if you have less than \$5,000,000 invested in Series O units. In addition, fund costs will be charged to Series O units.

The management and administration fees for Series PWX units of the Fund are payable by you directly to us and will be paid by the redemption of Series PWX units you hold. Fund costs will be charged to Series PWX units.

Table 6: Fees and Expenses Payable by the Fund

FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE BY THE FUND Annual Management Fee Rate by Series (%)						
FUND A/AR D SC F/PWFB FB PW/PWR						
Mackenzie Tax-Managed Global Equity Fund	2.00%	1.25%	-	0.80%	1.00%	1.80%
Mackenzie ChinaAMC All China Bond Fund 1.55% 1.00% 1.25% 0.65% 0.75% 1.15%						1.15%

*Management fees are subject to applicable taxes, including G.S.T. / H.S.T.

Management Fee, Administration Fee and Fund Cost Reductions

We may reduce the management fee rate, administration fee rate and/or fund costs that we charge with respect to any particular Fund units you may hold.

We will implement any reduction of fees and/or fund costs by reducing the amount charged to the Fund, and the Fund will then make a special distribution ("Fee Distribution") to you that will be reinvested, without charge, in additional units of the series on which they were paid, unless you elect in advance to receive the Fee Distribution in cash. The Fee Distributions paid by the Fund will be paid first out of the Fund's income and capital gains and then, if necessary, out of capital.

The level of reduction may be typically negotiable between you and us and usually will be based on the size of your account and the extent of Fund services you require.

The tax consequences of Fee Distributions made by the Fund generally will be borne by the unitholders receiving these distributions.

Negotiated Trailing Commissions Implemented by Management Fee Reductions

If you hold Series A, SC, D or PW units, you may negotiate with your dealer to reduce the amount of trailing commission that we pay your dealer out of the management fees that we collect. Your dealer will submit to us a form describing the reduced trailing commission amount they are willing to accept, requesting that we reduce your management fee rate accordingly.

We will subtract the reduced trailing commission, to which you and your dealer have agreed, from the maximum trailing commission described within the **"Trailing Commissions**" section of this document. We will then reduce your management fee rate for the applicable series that you hold to reflect the difference. These management fee reductions will be implemented as described under the "Management Fee, Administration Fee and Fund Cost Reductions" section of this document. Ask your financial advisor for more information on this program.

We may discontinue or change the terms of this program at our discretion and dealers that choose to participate may instruct us to discontinue the program in relation to your investment(s) at any time. It is your dealer's obligation to provide you with notice in both cases. Your dealer has no obligation to participate in this program.

Switching between Retail Series and Private Wealth Series

We will automatically switch your Series A, AR, FB and SC (the "Retail Series") into the applicable Private Wealth Series once you have \$100,000 in Eligible Investments (as defined below) within your Eligible Accounts (the "Eligibility Criteria"), subject to certain exceptions outlined below and provided your dealer offers Private Wealth Series securities. These switches will occur so that you will be invested in the Private Wealth Series with the lowest combined management and administration fees for which you are eligible. Please note that Retail Series securities that are subject to a redemption charge will not be automatically switched. Once the redemption fee schedule expires, those Retail Series will become eligible to be automatically switched to Private Wealth Series.

Eligible Investments are (i) the Private Wealth Series that you hold within your Eligible Account(s), and (ii) any Series A, AR, B, C, D, DA, DF, F, F5, F8, FB, FB5, G, GP, I, O, O5, S5, S8, SC, T5, T8 or Investor Series securities of Mackenzie Funds and other series of selected Funds that you hold within your Eligible Account(s).

Once you meet the Private Wealth Series Eligibility Criteria through a purchase or a switch transaction you will be automatically switched into the applicable Private Wealth Series the following business day. In addition, we will automatically switch your securities into the applicable Private Wealth Series on or about the second Friday of every month if positive market movement has allowed you to meet the Eligibility Criteria. Please note you will never be moved out of a Private Wealth Series because of a decrease in market value.

Securities held in our Portfolio Architecture Service or Open Architecture Service program will be excluded from the automatic switches.

You are responsible for ensuring your advisor is aware of all Eligible Accounts that should be linked in order to qualify for Private Wealth Series. We will link your Eligible Accounts only after your advisor has communicated your Eligible Account information to us. Generally, neither Mackenzie nor your advisor have the ability to independently determine what accounts should be linked. Mackenzie will, however, automatically link accounts belonging to one individual if the address associated with each account is identical and they have the same dealer representative code. This means that if you have two or more accounts with the same advisor, provided your advisor maintains these accounts under the same dealer representative code, they will be automatically linked by us. Accounts will not be automatically linked if you hold Funds with more than one advisor or dealer. For example, if you also hold Funds in a discount brokerage account, that account will not be automatically linked with an account you hold with your advisor.

The calculation of your total investments with us for purposes of determining whether you are or remain eligible for Private Wealth

Series will be determined in accordance with the calculation of a 'high watermark'. A 'high watermark' is the highest peak in value that a fund or account has reached since we began automatically switching investors to Private Wealth Series in April 2017. The 'high watermark" is calculated daily and is the greater of either the previous days' high watermark plus the current day's additional purchases and minus the current day's redemptions, or the current day's market value.

Redemptions of your securities (except for redemptions from RDSPs and RRIFs, including LIFs, LRIFs, PRIFs and RLIFs) will decrease the 'high watermark'. However, market value declines in your Private Wealth Series or Eligible Investments in your Eligible Accounts will not decrease your 'high watermark'.

If you no longer meet the Eligibility Criteria for Private Wealth Series, we will automatically switch your units back into the appropriate Retail Series, which will have higher management and administration fees than the Private Wealth Series. Such switches will occur on or about the second Friday of every month. Unless your Eligible Investments fall below \$75,000 (for reasons other than a decrease in market value), we do not automatically switch your units back to the applicable Retail Series. This is intended to provide you with flexibility in connection with major life events. We reserve the right to switch your Private Wealth Series to Retail Series if, in our view, you are misusing this flexibility to fall below the Eligibility Criteria for Private Wealth Series.

Please speak with your advisor for more details about this program.

	We pay all operating expenses, other than "fund costs", for each series, in exchange for a fixed-rate annual administration fee (the "Administration Fee"). Administration Fees are paid by each series of the Fund except for Series PWX and PWX8 units, for which Administration Fees are charged directly to you. Administration Fees are subject to applicable taxes, such as G.S.T./ H.S.T. We provide the majority of services required for the Fund to operate, although we retain third parties to provide certain services.					
Administration Fee	In exchange for the Administration Fee, the expenses borne by us on behalf of the series include (i) recordkeeping, accounting and fund valuation costs; (ii) custody safekeeping fees; (iii) audit and legal fees and (iv) the costs of preparing and distributing Fund financial reports, simplified prospectuses, and other investor communications we are required to prepare to comply with applicable laws (other than the costs of complying with any new regulatory requirements, as described in Fund Costs below).					
	The Administration Fee is charged separately from the management fee for each series. It is calculated as a fixed annual percentage of the NAV of each series as indicated below.					
	There are no Administration Fees charged to Series O units of the Fund, although fund costs will still be allocated.					

FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE BY THE FUND

FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE BY THE FUND

As stated above, the Administration Fees for Series PWX and PWX8 are charged directly to you. Please see the "Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by You" table in this section for more details. For all other series, Administration Fees are charged at the rates shown in the following table.

Administration Fee	Fund	A/FB/ SC	AR	D	F/PW/ PWFB/ PWR
(conťd)	FUND				
	Mackenzie Tax-Managed Global Equity Fund	0.28%		0.20%	0.15%
	Mackenzie ChinaAMC All China Bond Fund	0.20%	0.23%	0.20%	0.15%
Fund Costs	 Each series of each Fund pays "fund costs", which include interest and borrowing costs, brokerage commissions and related transaction fees, taxes (including, but not limited to G.S.T./H.S.T. and income tax), all fees and expenses of the Mackenzie Funds' IRC, costs of complying with the regulatory requirement to produce Fund Facts, fees paid to external service providers associated with tax reclaims, refunds or the preparation of foreign tax reports on behal of the Funds, new fees related to external services that were not commonly charged in the Canadian mutual funct industry and introduced after June 21, 2021, and the costs of complying with any new regulatory requirements including, without limitation, any new fees introduced after June 21, 2021. Interest and borrowing costs and taxes will be charged to each series directly based on usage. Costs of complying with new regulatory requirements will be assessed based on the extent and nature of these requirements. The remaining fund costs will be allocated to each series of a Fund based on such other method of allocation as we consider fair and reasonable to the Fund. Mackenzie may decide, in its discretion, to pay for some of these fund costs that are otherwise payable by a Fund rather than having the Fund incur such fund costs. Mackenzie is under no obligation to do so and, if any fund costs are reimbursed by Mackenzie, it may discontinue this practice at any time. Fund costs are charged separately from the management fee and Administration Fee for each series. Each IRC member is entitled to an annual retainer of \$40,000 (\$50,000 for the Chair) and a fee of \$1,500 for each meeting attended. In addition, the Chair of an IRC sub-committee is entitled to an annual retainer of \$5,000. Members are also entitled to be reimbursed for all reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, including reasonable travel and accommodation expenses. We also purchase and maintain insurance liability coverage for the benefit of				I fees and expenses ind Facts, fees paid ax reports on behalf nadian mutual fund atory requirements, costs and taxes will equirements will be be allocated to each is. We may allocate fair and reasonable payable by a Fund, id, if any fund costs eries. e of \$1,500 for each of \$5,000. Members eir duties, including lity coverage for the in this regard by the
General Information on Fees/Expenses of All Mackenzie Funds	We may reduce any Administration Fee of this table (see " Management Fees ") their investments in Underlying Funds. I series of units of the Funds and in costs, if applicable (except as specif Each Fund pays its own brokerage of expenses are not included in a Fund's I sale proceeds of its portfolio investmer the MER and the TER are disclosed Performance. We will give you 60 days' written notice charged to a Fund by an arm's length p expense to be charged to a Fund by ar	. There will be no do Management expe clude that series' ied below). commissions for po MER but are, for tax nts. These expense d in each Fund's of any change to the party that could resu	uplication of expensions nse ratios ("MERs management fee ortfolio transactions x purposes, added is constitute a Func annual and semi- ne basis of the calcu- ult in an increase in	ses payable by the ") are calculated s s, Administration and related trans to the cost base or d's trading expense annual Manageme ulation of the fees of charges, or the intr	Funds as a result of separately for each Fees and/or fund action fees. These subtracted from the ratio ("TER"). Both nt Report of Fund or expenses that are roduction of a fee or

FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE BY THE FUND

Where Funds invest in Underlying Funds, the fees and expenses payable in connection with the management of the
Underlying Fund are in addition to those payable by the Fund. However, there will be no management fees or
administration fees payable by a Fund that to a reasonable person would duplicate a fee payable by an Underlying
Fund for the same service. Where a Fund invests in ETFs that qualify as IPUs, the fees and expenses payable in
connection with the management of ETFs are in addition to those payable by the Fund. Currently, where we are the
manager of such ETFs, we will waive these fees for at least one year from the date of this prospectus. This
arrangement is subject to change thereafter.

Fund of Funds Except as described below in respect of ETFs managed by Mackenzie, there will not be sales fees (i.e., brokerage commissions or trading expenses) or redemption fees payable by a Fund with respect to the purchase or redemption by it of securities of an Underlying Fund managed by us or by one of our affiliates. In addition, a Fund will not pay sales fees or redemption fees with respect to the purchase or redemption by it of securities of an Underlying Fund that, to a reasonable person, would duplicate a fee payable by you in the Fund.

Where Funds invest in (i) active ETFs managed by Mackenzie, we have obtained exemptive relief to permit the Funds to pay brokerage commissions and trading expenses in connection with investing in these ETFs; and (ii) ETFs managed by Mackenzie that qualify as IPUs, Funds are permitted to pay brokerage commissions and trading expenses in connection with investing in these ETFs, in accordance with NI 81-102.

FEES AND EXPENSES	PAYABLE DIRECTLY BY YOU			
	If you purchase a Series under the sales charge purchase option, you with your financial advisor and which is payable to your dealer at the tir sets out the sales charges applicable to each series offered by the Fund	ne you purchase your units. The table below		
	Series/Option	Maximum Sales Charge (% of Purchase Amount)		
Sales Charge Purchase Option	Series A, AR and SC	5%		
r drenase option	Series PW, PWR	2%		
	Series O, PWX	0%		
	The Funds will not pay sales charges if it purchases units of any other Mackenzie Fund, unless otherwise indicated. There is no sales charge for Series D, F, FB and PWFB.			
Redemption Charge Purchase Option	The Funds will not pay sales charges if it purchases units of any other Mackenzie Fund, unless otherwise indicated. There is no sales charge for Series D, F, FB and PWFB. If you purchase units of a Fund under the redemption charge purchase option, you pay a redemption charge to us at the rates listed below if you redeem these units during the time periods specified below, unless otherwise indicated in this document. The redemption charge is based on, and deducted by us from, the NAV of the units on the redemption trade date, and the balance of the NAV is paid to you. Any redemption charges on units acquired by reinvesting a distribution made by a Fund will be determined by the date the original Fund units were purchased, not the date that the reinvestments were made. Up to 10% of your investment in units of the Fund may be redeemed in each calendar year without a redemption charge. This right is not cumulative if you do not use it in any calendar year. The annual information form has full			
	details of the free redemption amount program.	r year. The annual mornation form has to		

FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE DIRECTLY BY YOU

	Please see "Purchases, Switches and Redemptions" for more details about the redemption c				
		Period after Purchase	Redemption Charge Rate		
		First year	5.5%	_	
Redemption Charge		Second year	5.0%	_	
Purchase Option		Third year	5.0%	_	
(cont'd)		Fourth year	4.0%	_	
		Fifth year	4.0%	_	
		Sixth year	3.0%		
		Seventh year	2.0%		
		Thereafter	NIL		
Redemption Charge Purchase Option (cont'd	 automatically switch your units into the sales charge purchase option of the same series of the same Fund on the second Friday of the month following the seven (7) year anniversary of your original purchase date, subject to certain exceptions outlined in the paragraph below. For Series A of Mackenzie ChinaAMC All China Bond Fund, that does not offer a sales charge purchase option, we will switch your securities into the sales charge purchase option of Series SC of the same Fund on the second Friday of the month following the seven (7) year anniversary of your original purchase date. In all cases where we are switching you into a different series of a Fund, your management fees will be reduced. There are no charges levied when we implement this switch. 				
	listed below if you red document. The redem trade date, and the ba distribution made by a the reinvestments wer Up to 10% of your in charge. This right is r	deem these units during the time option charge is based on, and d alance of the NAV is paid to you Fund will be determined by the re made. vestment in units of a Fund may	rchase option, you pay a redemption of e periods specified below, unless oth educted by us from, the NAV of the Any redemption charges on units ad date the original Fund units were purch y be redeemed in each calendar year it in any calendar year. The annual in	nerwise indicated in this units on the redemption cquired by reinvesting a chased, not the date that ar without a redemption	
			" for more details about the low-load	2 purchase option.	
				-	
Low-Load 2		Period after Purchase	Redemption Charge Rate		
Purchase Option		First year	2.0%	-	
		Second year	2.0%	_	
		Thereafter	NIL	=	
	your units into the sal month following the tw the paragraph below. For Series A of Macke will switch your securit of the month following	es charge purchase option of the vo (2) year anniversary of your or enzie ChinaAMC All China Bond ties into the sales charge purchas the two (2) year anniversary of yo ries of a Fund, your management	der a low-load 2 purchase option, we e same series of the same Fund on the iginal purchase date, subject to certain Fund, that does not offer a sales char se option of Series SC of the same Fund pur original purchase date. In all cases t fees will be reduced. There are no o	he second Friday of the in exceptions outlined in rge purchase option, we nd on the second Friday where we are switching	

FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE DIRECTLY BY YOU

If you purchase units of a Fund under the low-load 3 purchase option, you pay a redemption charge to us at the rates listed below if you redeem these units during the time periods specified below, unless otherwise indicated in this document. The redemption charge is based on, and deducted by us from, the NAV of the units on the redemption trade date, and the balance of the NAV is paid to you. Any redemption charges on units acquired by reinvesting a distribution made by a Fund will be determined by the date the original Fund units were purchased, not the date that the reinvestments were made.

Up to 10% of your investment in units of a Fund purchased may be redeemed in each calendar year without a redemption charge. This right is not cumulative if you do not use it in any calendar year. The annual information form has full details on the free redemption amount program.

Please see "Purchases, Switches and Redemptions" for more details about the low-load 3 purchase option.

		Period after Purchase	Redemption Charge Rate		
		First year	3.0%		
Low-Load 3		Second year	2.5%	-	
Purchase Option		Third year	2.0%	-	
		Thereafter	NIL	-	
			I		
	your units into the sal month, following the t in the paragraph below For Series A of Mack switch your securities the month following th	les charge purchase option of th hree (3) year anniversary of your w. enzie ChinaAMC All China Bond into the sales charge purchase three (3) year anniversary of your eries of a Fund, your management	nder a low-load 3 purchase option, we e same series of the same Fund on t original purchase date, subject to cer I Fund, that does not a sales charge p option of Series SC of the same Fund our original purchase date. In all cases nt fees will be reduced. There are no	he second Friday of the tain exceptions outlined purchase option, we will on the second Friday of where we are switching	
Switch Fees	If you switch between the Funds, or between series of a Fund or to other Mackenzie Funds, then you may pay a switch fee of 0-2% (including when you switch between Series AR securities, except for switches from a DA/DF Allocator Fund to a DA/DF Target Fund pursuant to the One-Step DCA Service). This fee is negotiable with your dealer in the circumstances described in the " Sales Commissions " section of this simplified prospectus.				
Inappropriate Short- Term Trading Fee	A fee of 2% of the amount switched or redeemed will be charged by the Fund for inappropriate short-term trading. Inappropriate short-term trading is defined as a combination of a purchase and redemption, including switches between Mackenzie Funds, within 30 days, that we believe is detrimental to Fund investors and that may take advantage of Mackenzie Funds with investments priced in other time zones or illiquid investments that trade infrequently. For further information about our policies on inappropriate short-term trading, please see the " Short-Term Trading " section of this simplified prospectus.				
Excessive Short- Term Trading Fee	days and your trading The short-term tradin Series GP (offered un automatic rebalancing Architecture Service b	is part of a pattern of short-term ng fees will be paid to the Fun ider a separate simplified prospe gs of your holdings within our Gu be subject to short-term trading fe n about our policies on excessi	be charged by a Fund if you invest in trading that we believe is detrimental ds. Under no circumstances will aut ctus), automatic switches in DCA, One ided Portfolio Service, Open Architec ees. ve short-term trading, please see the	to Fund investors. tomatic switches out of e-Step DCA or STEP, or ture Service or Portfolio	

FEES AND EXPENSES PAYABLE DIRECTLY BY YOU

Series FB and PWFB Advisor Service Fee	You may negotiate an advisor service fee with your dealer for services provided in connection with your FB and PWFB series investments. This service fee will be set out in your FB/FB5/PWFB/PWFB5 series Account Agreement. We will pay the advisor service fee on your behalf by redeeming units of the Funds from your account for an amount equal to the advisor service fee agreed to in your FB/PWFB series Account Agreement and remitting the proceeds to your dealer. In all instances, the maximum advisor service fee is 1.50%.				
Series O: Fees and Advisor Service Fees	The maximum fee (excluding advisor service fee) payable by you directly to us for Series O units is an amount of up to 1.50% of the units purchased, plus applicable taxes. Series O fees are paid to us in consideration for the management and administration services provided to each Fund. These fees will be described in your Series O Account Agreement. In addition, you may pay an advisor service fee, which is negotiated between you and your financial advisor (on behalf of the dealer). This fee is stipulated in your Portfolio Architecture Service or Open Architecture Service Agreement, in which you may agree to allow us to redeem units of the Funds from your account for an amount equal to that fee and remit the proceeds to the dealer. In all instances, the maximum advisor service fee for Series O units is 1.50%				
Series PWX Fees: Management Fees, Administration Fees and Advisor Service Fees	service fee with your financial advisor on behalf of the dealer. In all instances, the maximum advisor service fee Advisor Service				
Portfolio Architecture Service ("PAS") Fees	Mackenzie ChinaAMC All China Bond Fund0.65%0.15%A quarterly PAS portfolio fee of up to 0.0375% (0.15% annually), payable to us, is charged on all assets in your PAS portfolio. We will waive this fee where your PAS assets reach \$1.25 million. This fee may also be reduced or waived by us at our discretion.In addition, a negotiable PAS advisory fee, payable quarterly is charged by your dealer for the ongoing service of your accounts. The PAS advisory fee may not exceed 1.50%The PAS advisory fee is not payable on assets that are subject to (a) trailing commissions or (b) an asset-based fee associated with dealer-sponsored-fee based accounts.The quarterly PAS portfolio fee, quarterly PAS advisory fee and any other applicable advisor service fees can be paid by the redemption of securities in your portfolio. Please see "Portfolio Architecture Service" in the "Optional				
Open Architecture Service ("OAS") Fees	Services" section of this simplified prospectus for more details about this service. A quarterly OAS portfolio fee of up to 0.0175% (0.07% annually), payable to us, is charged on all assets in your OAS portfolio. We will waive this fee where your OAS assets reach \$1.25 million. This fee may also be reduced or waived by us at our discretion. In addition, a negotiable OAS advisory fee, payable quarterly is charged by your dealer for the ongoing service of your accounts. The OAS advisory fee may not exceed 1.50% The OAS advisory fee is not payable on assets that are subject to (a) trailing commissions or (b) an asset-based fee associated with dealer-sponsored-fee based accounts. The quarterly OAS portfolio fee, quarterly OAS advisory fee and any other applicable advisory fees can be paid by the redemption of securities in your portfolio. Please see "Open Architecture Service" in the "Optional Services" section of this simplified prospectus for more details about this service.				

Impact of Sales Charges

The following Table 7 shows the maximum sales charges that you would pay under the different purchase options available to you if you made an investment of \$1,000 in units of the Fund and if you held that investment for periods of one, three, five or ten years, and then redeemed your entire investment immediately before the end of the period.

Table 7: Sales charges under available purchase options

	At time of purchase	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Sales charge purchase option 1	Up to \$50	-	-	-	-
Low-load 2 purchase option 2,3,6	-	\$18.00	-	-	-
Low-load 3 purchase option 2,3,5	-	\$31.50	\$23.15	-	-
Redemption charge purchase option 2,3,4	-	\$57.75	\$57.88	\$51.05	-

¹ Based on a maximum sales charge rate of 5%, generally. There are no sales charges to purchase Series F, FB, O, PWFB, PWX, units. Series F is generally available only if you are enrolled in a dealer-sponsored fee-for-service or wrap program and you are subject to an asset-based fee rather than commissions on each transaction, among other eligibility rules. There are no sales charges on

Series D units. The maximum sales charge to purchase Series PW and, PWR units is 2%. There is no sales charge for Series D.

- ² Series D, F, FB, O, PW, PWFB, PWR, PWX, and SC units cannot be purchased under the low-load 2 purchase option, low-load 3 purchase option or the redemption charge purchase option.
- ³ The redemption charge rates are shown under "Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by You", above, and are based upon the NAV of your investment at the time you redeem. For purposes of the table only, an assumed annual 5% gain has been included.
- ⁴ Up to 10% of your investment in Series A or AR units purchased under the redemption charge purchase option may be redeemed in each calendar year without a redemption charge.
- ⁵ Up to 10% of your investment in Series A or AR units purchased under the low-load 3 purchase option may be redeemed in each calendar year without a redemption charge.
- ⁶ Up to 10% of your investment in Series A or AR units purchased under the low-load 2 purchase option may be redeemed in each calendar year without a redemption charge.

DEALER COMPENSATION

Sales Commissions

Table 8 below sets out the sales commissions that are payable to your dealer when you purchase the Fund units identified below. Sales commissions are based on the purchase amount and are (a) negotiated and paid by you, in the case of the sales charge purchase option; or (b) fixed and paid by us, in the case of the low-load 2, low-load 3 and redemption charge purchase options.

Mackenzie does not monitor or make any determination as to the appropriateness of any series of a Fund (or purchase option) for any investor purchased through a registered dealer, including a discount broker.

Series	Sales Charge Purchase Option	Low-Load 2 Purchase Option	Low-Load 3 Purchase Option	Redemption Charge Purchase Option
Series A and AR units	Maximum of 5%	1%	2.5%	5%
Series PW and PWR units	Maximum of 2%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Series F, FB and PWFB units	No sales charge but you will generally be required to pay your dealer an advisory or asset-based fee in addition to the management fees payable by that series	N/A	N/A	N/A
Series D and O units	Nil	N/A	N/A	N/A
Series SC units	Maximum of 5%	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 8: Sales Commissions payable to your dealer

We do not pay commissions when (i) you switch between Mackenzie Funds (including switches between the Funds) and your new Mackenzie Fund securities are issued under the same purchase option as your previous Mackenzie Fund securities; or (ii) when you switch from units bought under the redemption charge purchase option, the low-load 2 purchase option or low-load 3 purchase option to units to be purchased under the sales charge purchase option. In

those cases, a switch fee of up to 2% of the amount you switch may be charged and retained by your dealer. The Funds will not pay sales commissions if it purchases units of any other Mackenzie Fund.

The commissions listed above will be paid when you switch from units bought under the sales charge purchase option to units to be purchased under the redemption charge purchase option, the lowload 2 purchase option or the low-load 3 purchase option, including switches within the Fund.

No sales commissions are paid when you receive units from your reinvested Fund distributions.

Trailing Commissions

We may pay dealers a trailing commission at the end of each month or calendar quarter as a percentage of the value of units of the Fund held in your account with your dealer. Table 9 below shows the maximum trailing commission annual rates applicable to the series of units offered under this simplified prospectus. Series A, AR, D, PW, PWR and SC trailing commissions are paid out of the management fees collected by us. No trailing commissions are paid in respect of Series F, FB, O, PWFB and PWX units.

You may negotiate an advisor service fee with your financial advisor on behalf of the dealer in your Series O Account Agreement. The maximum advisor service fee for Series O units is 1.50%. Under that agreement, you may agree to allow us to redeem units of the Fund from your account for an amount equal to that fee and remit the proceeds to the dealer. Please see the "Series O" section in the "Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by You" table in this simplified prospectus for more details.

For Series FB, PWFB and PWX you are subject to an advisor service fee that we will pay on your behalf by redeeming units of the Fund from your account in an amount equal to the advisor service fee and remitting the proceeds to your dealer. You are required to negotiate your advisor service fee with your financial advisor on behalf of the dealer. These advisor service fees are disclosed within a Series FB, PWFB, and PWX Account Agreement with us. In all instances, the maximum advisor service fee for Series FB, PWFB and PWX units is 1.50%.

Table 9: Trailing Commission Annual Rates

TRAILING COMMISSION ANNUAL RATE						
Series		A, AR	D	PW and PWR		
Purchase Option*	SCS	LL2 ¹	LL3 ¹	RCS ¹	SCS	SCS
Mackenzie Tax-Managed Global Equity Fund	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	0.25%	1.00%
Mackenzie ChinaAMC All China Bond Fund	0.50%	0.50%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.50%

* This table uses the following abbreviations for the purchase options available under this simplified prospectus:

"SCS" means the Sales Charge Purchase option

"LL2" means the Low-load 2 purchase option

"LL3" means the Low-load 3 purchase option

"RCS" means the Redemption charge purchase option

¹ This column indicates the trailing commission that applies for (i) LL2, within the first two years following purchase; (ii) LL3, within the first three years of purchase; or (iii) RCS, for the first seven years following purchase. Thereafter, the trailing commission set forth for the SCS shall apply.

In the event that B2B Bank Securities Services Inc. or its affiliate acts as a dealer for an account held by our employees or directors or our subsidiary, in addition to the amounts set out above, we may pay B2B Bank Securities Services Inc. up to an extra 0.25% for administering that particular staff account.

In circumstances where Mackenzie Fund securities are purchased through discount brokerage accounts, we may also pay trailing commissions to the discount broker.

We may change the terms of the trailing commission program or cancel it at any time.

Other Kinds of Dealer Compensation

We pay for marketing materials that we give to dealers to help support their sales efforts. These materials include reports and commentaries on securities, the markets, Mackenzie Funds and the services we offer to you.

We may share with dealers up to 50% of their costs in marketing the Mackenzie Funds. For example, we may pay a portion of the costs of a dealer in advertising the availability of the Mackenzie Funds through the financial advisors of the dealer. We may also pay part of the costs of a dealer in running a seminar to inform you about the Mackenzie Funds or generally about the benefits of investing in mutual funds.

We may pay up to 10% of the costs of some dealers to hold educational seminars or conferences for their financial advisors in order to teach them about, among other things, new developments in the mutual fund industry, financial planning or new financial products. The dealer makes all decisions about where and when the conference is held and who can attend. We also arrange seminars and conferences for financial advisors where we inform them about new developments in the Mackenzie Funds, our products and services and mutual fund industry matters. We invite dealers to send their financial advisors to our seminars and conferences, but we do not decide who attends. The financial advisors must pay their own travel, accommodation and personal expenses for attending our seminars and conferences.

Disclosure of Equity Interests

We are an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of IGM Financial Inc. ("**IGM**"), a financial services company listed on the TSX. IGM is a majority-owned subsidiary of Power Financial Corporation ("**Power**"). Great-West Lifeco Inc. ("**GWL**") is also a majority-owned subsidiary of Power. IGM's activities are principally carried out through us, Investors Group Inc. and Investment Planning Counsel Inc. ("**IPCI**"). Other indirect, wholly owned subsidiaries of IGM who are therefore affiliated with us and who, as dealers, may hold, sell and/or recommend securities Inc. and IPC Securities Corporation (each an investment dealer), and (b) Investors Group Financial Services Inc. and IPC Investment Corporation (each a mutual fund dealer). Each of the Investors Group companies is wholly owned by Investors Group Inc. Each of the IPC companies is wholly owned by IPCI.

GWL's activities are principally carried out through its subsidiary, The Canada Life Assurance Company. Other indirectly owned subsidiaries of GWL who are therefore affiliated with us and who, as dealers, may hold, sell and/or recommend securities of the Mackenzie Funds include Quadrus Investment Services Ltd. (a mutual fund dealer). All investment dealers and mutual fund dealers referenced above are, collectively, "**participating dealers**". From time to time, representatives of any of the participating dealers may own, directly or indirectly, shares of IGM, GWL or Power.

Please refer to the annual information form for additional details on the relevant corporate relationships within the Power Group of Companies.

DEALER COMPENSATION FROM MANAGEMENT FEES

During our financial year ended December 31, 2020, we paid to dealers who distributed securities of Mackenzie Funds total cash compensation (sales commissions, trailing commissions and other kinds of cash compensation) representing approximately 43.87% of the total management fees which we received from all of our funds in that year.

INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

This is a general summary of certain Canadian federal income tax considerations applicable to you as an investor in the Funds. This summary assumes that you are an individual (other than a trust) resident in Canada and that you hold your units directly as capital property or within a registered plan and are not affiliated with an deal with the Funds at arm's length. This summary is not intended to be legal advice or tax advice. We have tried to make this discussion easy to understand. As a result, it may not be technically precise or cover all the tax consequences that may

be relevant to you. Accordingly, you should consult your own tax advisor, having regard to your own particular circumstances when you consider purchasing, switching or redeeming units of a Fund.

This summary is based on the current provisions of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the "**Tax Act**"), the regulations under the Tax Act, all proposals for specific amendments to the Tax Act or the regulations that have been publicly announced by the Minister of Finance (Canada) before the date hereof and our understanding of the current published administrative practices and assessing policies of the CRA. Except for the foregoing, this summary does not take into account or anticipate any change in law, whether by legislative, regulatory, administrative or judicial action. Furthermore, this summary does not take into account provincial, territorial or foreign income tax legislation or considerations.

This summary is also based on the assumptions that: (i) none of the issuers of securities held by a Fund will be a foreign affiliate of the Fund or any unitholder, (ii) none of the securities held by a Fund will be a "tax shelter investment" within the meaning of section 143.2 of the Tax Act; (iii) none of the securities held by the Fund will be an interest in a trust (or a partnership which holds such an interest) which would require the Fund (or the partnership) to report significant amounts of income in connection with such interest pursuant to the rules in section 94.1 or 94.2 of the Tax Act, or an interest in a non-resident trust other than an "exempt foreign trust" as defined in the Tax Act; and (iv) no Fund will enter into any arrangement where the result is a dividend rental arrangement for the purposes of the Tax Act.

How the Funds are Taxed

The following paragraphs describe some of the ways in which mutual funds can earn income:

- Mutual funds can earn income in the form of interest, dividends or income from the investments they make, including in other mutual funds, and can be deemed to earn income from investments in certain foreign entities. All income must be computed in Canadian dollars, even if earned in a foreign currency.
- Mutual funds can realize a capital gain by selling an investment for more than its adjusted cost base ("ACB"). They can also realize a capital loss by selling an investment for less than its ACB. A mutual fund that invests in foreign-denominated securities must calculate its ACB and proceeds of disposition in Canadian dollars based on the conversion rate on the date the securities were purchased and sold, as applicable. As a result, a mutual fund may realize capital gains and losses due to changes in the value of the foreign currency relative to the Canadian dollar.
- Mutual funds can realize gains and losses from using derivatives or engaging in short selling. Generally, gains and losses from derivatives are added to or subtracted from the mutual fund's income. However, if derivatives are used by a mutual fund as a hedge to limit its gain or loss on a specific capital asset or group of capital assets

and there is sufficient linkage, then the gains and losses from these derivatives are generally capital gains or capital losses. Generally, gains and losses from short selling Canadian securities are treated as capital, and gains and losses from short selling foreign securities are treated as income. The derivative forward agreement rules in the Tax Act (the "DFA Rules") target certain financial arrangements (described in the DFA Rules as "derivative forward agreements") that seek to reduce tax by converting, through the use of derivative contracts. the return on investments that would have the character of ordinary income to capital gains. The DFA Rules will generally not apply to derivatives used to closely hedge gains or losses due to currency fluctuations on underlying capital investments of a Fund. Hedging, other than currency hedging on underlying capital investments, which reduces tax by converting the return on investments that would have the character of ordinary income to capital gains through the use of derivative contracts, will be treated by the DFA Rules on income account.

 Gains and losses from trading in precious metals and bullion will be treated on income account, rather than as capital gains and losses.

In certain circumstances, a Fund may be subject to loss restriction rules that deny or defer the deduction of certain losses. For example, a capital loss realized by a Fund will be suspended if, during the period that begins 30 days before and ends 30 days after the date on which the capital loss was realized, the Fund or an affiliated person (as defined in the Tax Act) acquires property that is, or is identical to, the property on which the loss was realized and owns that property at the end of the period.

If a Fund invests in another fund that is a Canadian resident trust (an "**Underlying Canadian Fund**"), other than a SIFT trust, the Underlying Canadian Fund may designate a portion of amounts that it distributes to the Fund as may reasonably be considered to consist of: (i) taxable dividends (including eligible dividends) received by the Underlying Canadian Fund on shares of taxable Canadian corporations; and (ii) net taxable capital gains realized by the Underlying Canadian Fund. Any such designated amounts will be deemed for tax purposes to be received or realized by the Fund as such a taxable dividend or taxable capital gain, respectively. An Underlying Canadian Fund that pays foreign withholding tax may make designations such that a Fund may be treated as having paid its share of such foreign tax for purposes of the foreign tax credit rules in the Tax Act.

Since the Funds are organized as trusts, the following sections describe the taxation of these types of entities.

The Funds

Each Fund computes its income or loss separately. All of a Fund's deductible expenses, including management fees, will be deducted in calculating the Fund's income for each taxation year. Each Fund will be subject to tax on its net income, including net taxable capital gains, not paid or payable to its investors for the taxation year after taking into consideration any loss carry-forwards and any capital

gains refund. Each Fund intends to pay to investors enough of its income and capital gains for each taxation year so that it will not be liable for ordinary income tax under Part I of the Tax Act.

The losses of a Fund may be restricted when a person or partnership becomes a "majority-interest beneficiary" of the Fund (generally by holding units representing more than 50% of NAV of the Fund) unless the Fund qualifies as an "investment fund" by satisfying certain investment diversification and other conditions.

A Fund may pay foreign withholding or other taxes in connection with investments in foreign securities.

Funds that do not qualify as "mutual fund trust"

A Fund that does not qualify as a "**mutual fund trust**" for purposes of the Tax Act throughout its taxation year is not eligible for the capital gains refund and could be subject to alternative minimum tax for the year, as well as other taxes under the Tax Act. In addition, if one or more "**financial institutions**", as defined in the Tax Act, owns more than 50% of the fair market value of the units of such a Fund, that Fund will be a "**financial institution**" for income tax purposes and thus subject to certain "**mark-to-market**" tax rules. In this case, most of the Fund's investments would be considered mark-to-market property, with the result that

- it will be deemed to have disposed of and re-acquired its mark-to-market property at the end of each taxation year, as well as at such time as it becomes, or ceases to be, a financial institution; and
- the gains and losses from these deemed dispositions will be on income account, not capital account.

In any year throughout which the Funds do not qualify as a mutual fund trust under the Tax Act, the Funds could be subject to tax under Part XII.2 of the Tax Act. Part XII.2 of the Tax Act provides that certain trusts (excluding mutual fund trusts) that have an investor who is a "designated beneficiary" under the Tax Act at any time in the taxation year are subject to a special tax under Part XII.2 of the Tax Act on the trust's "designated income" under the Tax Act. "Designated beneficiaries" generally include non-resident persons, non-resident owned investment corporations, certain trusts, certain partnerships, and certain tax-exempt persons in certain circumstances where the tax-exempt person acquires units from another beneficiary. "Designated income" generally includes income from businesses carried on in Canada and taxable capital gains from dispositions of taxable Canadian property. Where the Fund is subject to tax under Part XII.2, provisions in the Tax Act are intended to ensure that Unitholders who are not designated beneficiaries receive an appropriate refundable tax credit.

The Funds were established in 2021 and do not yet qualify as a "mutual fund trust". However, each Fund is expected to qualify as a mutual fund trust by the time it files its first tax return in which it will make an election to be deemed to be a mutual fund trust effective from the date of its creation.

Taxation of the Fund if Investing in Foreign-Domiciled Underlying Trusts

Section 94.2

A Fund may invest in foreign-domiciled underlying investment funds that qualify as "exempt foreign trusts" (the "**Underlying Foreign Funds**") for purposes of the non-resident trust rules in sections 94 and 94.2 of the Tax Act.

If the total fair market value at any time of all fixed interests of a particular class in an Underlying Foreign Fund held by the Fund, persons or partnerships not dealing at arm's length with the Fund, or persons or partnerships that acquired their interests in the Underlying Foreign Fund in exchange for consideration given to the Underlying Foreign Fund by the Fund, is at least 10% of the total fair market value at the time of all fixed interests of the particular class of the Underlying Foreign Fund, the Underlying Foreign Fund will be a "foreign affiliate" of the Fund and will be deemed by section 94.2 of the Tax Act to be at the time a "controlled foreign affiliate" of the Fund.

If the Underlying Foreign Fund is deemed to be a "controlled foreign affiliate" of the Fund at the end of the particular taxation year of the Underlying Foreign Fund and earns income that is characterized as "foreign accrual property income" as defined in the Tax Act ("FAPI") in that taxation year of the Underlying Foreign Fund, the Fund's proportionate share of the FAPI (subject to deduction for grossed-up "foreign accrual tax" as discussed below) must be included in computing its income for Canadian federal income tax purposes for the taxation year of the Fund in which that taxation year of the Underlying Foreign Fund ends, whether or not the Fund actually receives a distribution of that FAPI. It is expected that the full amount of the income, as determined for Canadian federal income tax purposes, allocated or distributed to an Underlying Foreign Fund by the issuers that it holds securities of will be FAPI. FAPI will also include any net realized taxable capital gains, as determined for Canadian federal income tax purposes, of the Underlying Foreign Fund from the disposition of those units.

To the extent an amount of FAPI will be required to be included in computing the income of a Fund for Canadian federal income tax purposes, a grossed-up amount may be deductible in respect of the "foreign accrual tax" as defined in the Tax Act ("FAT"), if any, applicable to the FAPI. Any amount of FAPI included in income (net the amount of any FAT deduction) will increase the adjusted cost base to the Fund of its units of the Underlying Foreign Fund in respect of which the FAPI was included.

How You Are Taxed on a Fund Investment

How you are taxed on an investment in the Funds depends on whether you hold the investment inside or outside a registered plan.

If you own the Funds outside a registered plan

Distributions

You must include in your income for a taxation year the taxable portion of all distributions (including Fee Distributions) paid or payable (collectively, "**paid**") to you from a Fund during the year, computed in Canadian dollars, whether these amounts were paid to you in cash or reinvested in additional units. The amount of reinvested distributions is added to the ACB of your units to reduce your capital gain or increase your capital loss when you later redeem. This ensures that you do not pay tax on the amount again at a later date.

Distributions paid by a Fund may consist of capital gains, ordinary taxable dividends, foreign-source income, other income and/or return of capital.

Ordinary taxable dividends are included in your income, subject to the gross-up and dividend tax credit rules. Capital gains distributions will be treated as capital gains realized by you, one-half of which will generally be included in calculating your income as a taxable capital gain. A Fund may make designations in respect of its foreign-source income so that you may be able to claim any foreign tax credits allocated to you by that Fund.

You may receive a return of capital from your Fund. You will not be taxed on a return of capital, but it will reduce the ACB of your units of that Fund such that, when you redeem your units, you will realize a greater capital gain (or smaller capital loss) than if you had not received the return of capital. If the ACB of your units is reduced to less than zero, the ACB of your units will be deemed to be increased to zero and you will be deemed to realize a capital gain equal to the amount of this increase.

The higher the portfolio turnover rate of a Fund in a year, the greater the chance that you will receive a capital gains distribution. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of a Fund.

When units of a Fund are acquired by purchasing or switching into that Fund, a portion of the acquisition price may reflect income and capital gains of the Fund that have not yet been realized or distributed. Accordingly, unitholders who acquire securities of a Fund just before a distribution date, including at year-end, may be required to include in their income amounts distributed from the Fund, even though these amounts were earned by the Fund before the unitholder acquired the securities and were included in the price of the units.

Sales and redemption charges and fees

A sales charge paid on the purchase of units is not deductible in computing your income but is added to the ACB of your units. A redemption charge paid on the redemption of units is not deductible in computing your income but effectively reduces the proceeds of disposition of your units.

The fees that you pay for Series O and PWX units (**"Unbundled Fees**") consist of advisory fees that you pay to your dealer and management fees that you pay to us. To the extent that such fees are collected by redemption of units, you will realize gains or losses in non-registered accounts. The deductibility of Unbundled Fees, for income tax purposes, will depend on the exact nature of services provided to you and the type of investment held. Fees relating to services provided to registered accounts are not deductible for income tax purposes, regardless of whether such fees were charged to the registered account. You should consult with your tax advisor

regarding the deductibility of Unbundled Fees paid in your particular circumstance.

Switches

You will not realize a capital gain or capital loss when you switch the purchase option under which you hold units of a series of a Fund.

You will not realize a capital gain or capital loss when you switch between series of the same Fund. The cost of the acquired units will be equal to the ACB of the units that you switched.

Other switches involve a redemption of the units being switched and a purchase of the units acquired on the switch.

Redemptions

You will realize a capital gain (capital loss) if any of your units in a Fund are redeemed. Generally, your capital gain (capital loss) will be the amount by which the NAV of the redeemed units is greater (less) than the ACB of those units. You may deduct redemption charges and other expenses of redemption when calculating your capital gain (capital loss). Generally, one-half of your capital gain is included in your income for tax purposes as a taxable capital gain and one-half of your capital loss can be deducted against your taxable capital gains, subject to the provisions of the Tax Act.

In certain circumstances, loss restriction rules will limit or eliminate the amount of a capital loss that you may deduct. For example, a capital loss that you realize on a redemption of units will be deemed to be nil if, during the period that begins 30 days before and ends 30 days after the day of that redemption, you acquired identical units (including through the reinvestment of distributions or a Fee Distribution paid to you) and you continue to own these identical units at the end of that period. In this case, the amount of the denied capital loss will be added to the ACB of your units. This rule will also apply where the identical units are acquired and held by a person affiliated with you (as defined in the Tax Act).

Calculating Your ACB

Your ACB must be calculated separately for each series of units that you own in each Fund and must be calculated in Canadian dollars. The total ACB of your units of a particular series of a Fund is generally equal to

 the total of all amounts you paid to purchase those units, including any sales charges paid by you at the time of purchase;

plus

 the ACB of any units of another series and/or Fund that were switched on a tax-deferred basis into securities of the particular series;

plus

• the amount of any reinvested distributions on that series;

less

• the return of capital component of distributions on that series;

less

 the ACB of any units of the series that were switched on a tax-deferred basis into units of another series and/or Fund;

less

• the ACB of any of your units of that series that have been redeemed.

The ACB of a single security is the average of the total ACB. Where you switch between series and/or purchase options of the same Fund, the cost of the new securities acquired on the switch will generally be equal to the ACB of the previously owned securities switched for those new securities.

For example, suppose you own 500 units of a particular series of a Fund with an ACB of \$10 each (a total of \$5,000). Suppose you then purchase another 100 units of the same series of the Fund for an additional \$1,200, including a sales charge. Your total ACB is \$6,200 for 600 units so that your new ACB of each unit of the series of the Fund is \$6,200 divided by 600 units or \$10.33 per unit.

Alternative minimum tax

Amounts included in your income as distributions of Canadian dividends or capital gain, as well as any capital gains realized by you on the disposition of units, may increase your liability for alternative minimum tax.

Tax statements and reporting

If applicable, we will send tax statements to you each year identifying the taxable portion of your distributions, the return of capital component of distributions and redemption proceeds paid to you for each year. Tax statements will not be sent to you if you did not receive, distributions or redemption proceeds, or if units are held in your registered plan. You should keep detailed records of your purchase cost, sales charges, distributions, redemption proceeds and redemption charges in order to calculate the ACB of your units. You may wish to consult a tax advisor to help you with these calculations.

Generally, you will be required to provide your financial advisor with information related to your citizenship, or residence for tax purposes and, if applicable, your foreign tax identification number. If you, or your controlling person(s) are (i) identified as a U.S. Person (including a U.S. resident, or citizen), (ii) identified as a tax resident of a country other than Canada or the U.S.; or (iii) do not provide the required information and indicia of a U.S. or non-Canadian status is present, details about you and your investment in a Fund will be reported to the CRA unless securities are held inside a registered plan. The CRA will provide the information to the relevant foreign tax authorities under exchange of information treaties.

If you own the Funds inside a registered plan

When units of a Fund are held in your registered plan, generally, neither you nor your registered plan will be taxed on distributions received from the Fund or capital gains realized on the disposition of the units of the Fund provided the units are a gualified investment and are not a prohibited investment for the registered plan. However, a withdrawal from a registered plan may be subject to tax.

The units of each Fund are expected to be a qualified investment for registered plans at all times.

A unit of a Fund may be a prohibited investment for your registered plan (other than a DPSP) even though it is a qualified investment. If your registered plan holds a prohibited investment, you become liable to a 50% potentially refundable tax on the value of the prohibited investment and a 100% tax on income and capital gains attributable to, and capital gains realized on, the disposition of the prohibited investment.

The Funds were recently established. Under a safe harbour rule for new mutual funds, securities of the Funds will not be a prohibited investment for your registered plan at any time during the first 24 months of the Fund's existence provided that the Fund is a mutual fund trust under the Tax Act during that time and is in substantial compliance with NI 81-102 or follows a reasonable policy of investment diversification.

You should consult with your own tax advisor regarding the special rules that apply to each type of registered plan, including whether or not a particular unit of a Fund would be a prohibited investment for your registered plan. It is your

responsibility to determine the tax consequences to you and your registered plan of establishing the registered plan and causing it to invest in the Funds. Neither we nor the Funds assume any liability to you as a result of making the Funds and/or series available for investment within registered plans.

WHAT ARE YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS?

Securities legislation in some provinces gives you the right to withdraw from an agreement to buy securities of a mutual fund within two (2) Business Days of receiving the Fund Facts, or to cancel your purchase within forty-eight (48) hours of receiving confirmation of your order.

Securities legislation in some provinces and territories also allows you to cancel an agreement to buy securities of a mutual fund and get your money back, or to make a claim for damages, if (i) the Fund Facts are not sent or delivered to you within the time required under securities legislation, or (ii) the simplified prospectus, annual information form, Fund Facts or financial statements misrepresent any facts about the mutual fund. These rights must usually be exercised within certain time limits.

For more information, refer to the securities legislation of your province or territory or consult your lawyer.

PART B: SPECIFIC INFORMATION ABOUT EACH OF THE MUTUAL FUNDS DESCRIBED IN THIS DOCUMENT

INTRODUCTION TO PART B

Part B provides specific fund descriptions of each of the Funds in this simplified prospectus. It supplements the general information concerning these Funds that is contained in Part A.

This "Introduction to Part B"explains most of the terms and assumptions which appear in this Part B and the information common to many of the Funds, so that we do not have to repeat that information for each Fund.

Fund Details

This section of each Fund's Part B gives you information such as the Fund's type, its start date or when it was first publicly sold to investors, the nature of the units offered by the Fund, the series offered by the Fund, whether units are qualified investments under the Tax Act for registered plans, and the name of the Fund's sub-advisor(s) (if no sub-advisor is cited, then we directly provide portfolio management services to the Fund).

What Does the Fund Invest In?

Investment Objectives and Strategies

Each Fund's Part B describes the Fund's investment objectives and investment strategies. The investment objectives can only be changed with the consent of the investors in the Fund at a meeting called for that purpose. The investment strategies explain how the Fund intends to achieve its investment objectives. As manager of the Funds, we may change the investment strategies from time to time, but will give you notice, by way of a press release, of our intention to do so if it would be a material change as defined in National Instrument 81-106 – Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure ("**NI 81-106**"). Under NI 81-106, a change in the business, operations or affairs of a Fund is considered to be a "material change" if a reasonable investor would consider it important in deciding whether to purchase or continue to hold units of the Fund.

Use of Derivatives

The Funds may use derivatives for "hedging" purposes to reduce the Fund's exposure to changes in unit prices, interest rates, exchange rates or other risks. Derivatives may also be used for "non-hedging" purposes, which may include the following: (i) as substitute investments for stocks or a stock market; (ii) to gain exposure to other currencies; (iii) to seek to generate additional income; or (iv) for any other purpose that is consistent with the Fund's investment objectives.

If a Fund intends to use derivatives as part of its investment strategy, we have indicated in the Fund's description of investment strategies whether derivatives may be used for hedging purposes, non-hedging purposes or both. Please visit our website at www.mackenzieinvestments.com/currency for more information about the Fund's use of currency hedging. For more information on

derivatives used by a particular Fund for hedging and non-hedging purposes as at the last day of the applicable financial reporting period, please refer to a Fund's most recent financial statements. Please also refer to the explanation of risks that accompany the use of derivatives under "Derivatives Risk" in the "What are the General Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund?" section of this document.

Securities Lending, Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Transactions

The Funds may engage in securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions. These transactions are described in the "What are the General Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund?" section of this simplified prospectus. Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions may earn additional income for mutual funds. That income comes from the fees paid by the transaction counterparty and interest paid on the cash or securities held as collateral.

On any securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transaction, the Fund must, unless it has been granted relief,

- deal only with counterparties who meet generally accepted creditworthiness standards and who are unrelated to the Fund's portfolio manager, manager or trustee as defined in NI 81-102;
- hold collateral equal to a minimum 102% of the market value of the portfolio securities loaned (for securities lending transactions), sold (for repurchase transactions) or purchased (for reverse repurchase transactions);
- adjust the amount of the collateral on each business day to ensure the value of the collateral relative to the market value of the portfolio securities loaned, sold or purchased remains at or above the minimum 102% limit; and
- limit the aggregate value of all portfolio securities loaned or sold through securities lending and repurchase transactions to no more than 50% of the total assets of the Fund (without including the collateral for loaned securities and cash for sold securities).

Short Selling

The Fund may engage in a limited amount of short selling in accordance with securities regulations. A short sale is a transaction in which a mutual fund sells, on the open market, securities that it has borrowed from a lender for this purpose. At a later date, the mutual fund purchases identical securities on the open market and returns them to the lender. In the interim, the mutual fund must pay compensation to the lender for the loan of the securities and provide collateral to the lender for the loan. If the Fund engages in short selling, it must adhere to securities regulations, where such regulations include the following conditions:

 the aggregate market value of all securities sold short by the Fund will not exceed 20% of the total net assets of the Fund;

- the aggregate market value of all securities of any particular issuer sold short by the Fund will not exceed 5% of the total net assets of the Fund;
- the Fund will hold cash cover equal to at least 150% of the aggregate market value of all securities sold short;
- the Fund will not deposit collateral with a dealer in Canada unless the dealer is registered in a jurisdiction of Canada and is a member of IIROC; and
- the Fund will not deposit collateral with a dealer outside Canada unless that dealer (a) is a member of a stock exchange that requires the dealer to be subjected to a regulatory audit; and (b) has a net worth in excess of CDN \$50 million.

Exemptions from NI 81-102

The Funds are subject to certain restrictions and practices contained in securities legislation, including NI 81-102, which are designed, in part, to ensure that the investments of mutual funds are diversified and relatively liquid and to ensure the proper administration of mutual funds. We intend to manage the Funds in accordance with these restrictions and practices or to obtain relief from the securities regulatory authorities before implementing any variations. The following provides a description of the exemptions that certain Funds have received from the provisions of NI 81-102, and/or a description of the general investment activity.

U.S. Listed ETF Relief

Given the incorporation of the alternative mutual funds into NI 81-102, this ETF Relief is only relevant for U.S. listed exchange traded funds.

- The Funds have obtained regulatory approval for an exemption from certain requirements in NI 81-102 in order to invest in ETFs, as described below. An exemption from the Canadian securities regulatory authorities which allows them to purchase and hold securities of the following types of ETFs (collectively, the "Underlying ETFs"):
 - (a) ETFs that seek to provide daily results that replicate the daily performance of a specified widely quoted market index (the ETF's "Underlying Index") by a multiple of up to 200% ("Leveraged Bull ETFs"), inverse multiple of up to 100% ("Inverse ETFs"), or an inverse multiple of up to 200% ("Leveraged Bear ETFs");
 - (b) ETFs that seek to replicate the performance of gold or silver, or the value of a specified derivative whose underlying interest is gold or silver on an unlevered basis ("Underlying Gold or Silver Interest"), or by a multiple of up to 200% (collectively, the "Leveraged Gold/Silver ETFs"); and
 - (c) ETFs that invest directly, or indirectly through derivatives, in physical commodities, including but not limited to agriculture or livestock, energy, precious metals and industrial metals, on an unlevered basis ("Unlevered Commodity ETFs", and, together with the Leveraged Gold/Silver ETFs, the "Commodity ETFs").

This relief is subject to the following conditions:

- a Fund's investment in securities of an Underlying ETF must be in accordance with its fundamental investment objectives;
- the securities of the Underlying ETF must be traded on a stock exchange in Canada or the United States;
- a Fund may not purchase securities of an Underlying ETF if, immediately after the transaction, more than 10% of the NAV of the Fund, taken at market value at the time of the transaction, would consist of securities of Underlying ETFs; and
- a Fund may not purchase securities of Inverse ETFs or securities of Leveraged Bear ETFs or sell any securities short if, immediately after the transaction, the Fund's aggregate market value exposure represented by all such securities purchased and/or sold short would exceed 20% of the NAV of the Fund, taken at market value at the time of the transaction.

What are the Risks of Investing in the Fund?

We provide a list of the risks of mutual fund investing in the "What are the General Risks of Investing in a Mutual Fund?" section of this document. The risks that apply to each Fund are identified under the sub-heading "What are the Risks of Investing in the Fund" for each Fund described in this Part B. Those risks are based upon each Fund's expected investments, investment practices and are related to the material risks of investing in each Fund under normal market conditions when considering each Fund's portfolio as a whole, not each individual investment within the portfolio.

We have classified each of the applicable risks as either "primary", "secondary" or "low or not a risk". We consider the primary risks to be the more significant risks in respect of a particular Fund because they occur more frequently and/or because their occurrence will have a more significant impact on a Fund's value. We consider the secondary risks relatively less significant because they occur less frequently and/or because their occurrence will have a less significant impact on a Fund's value. Low or not a risk means that we consider the risk to be either very remote or non-existent. All of the applicable risks should be understood and discussed with your financial advisor before making any investment in a Fund.

Risk classification methodology

The risk ratings referred to in this section help you decide, along with your advisor, whether a Fund is right for you. This information is only a guide. The investment risk level of each Fund is required to be determined in accordance with the Canadian Securities Administrators' standardized risk classification methodology, which is based on the historical volatility of the Fund, as measured by the most recent 10-year standard deviation of the returns of the Fund. Standard deviation is used to quantify the historical dispersion of returns around the average returns over the 10-year period. In this context, it can provide an indication of the amount of variability of returns that occurred relative to the average return over the 10-year measurement period. The higher the standard deviation of a Fund,

the greater the range of returns it experienced in the past. In general, the greater the range of returns, the higher the risk.

You should know that other types of risks, both measurable and nonmeasurable, exist. Also, just as historical performance may not be indicative of future returns, historical volatility may not be indicative of future volatility, especially since the risk rating is based on the standard deviation of the most recent 10-year period.

For any Fund that is new, or for a Fund that has less than 10 years of performance history, we calculate the investment risk level of these Funds using a reference index that reasonably approximates or, for a newly established Fund, that is reasonably expected to approximate, the standard deviation of the Fund. If the Fund has less than 10 years of performance history but there is another mutual fund with 10 years of performance history that is managed by us and that is highly similar to the Fund (a "**Reference Fund**"), we calculate the investment risk level using the return history of the Reference Fund rather than that of the reference index. For Funds that have 10 years of performance history, the methodology will calculate the standard deviation of the Fund using the return history of the Fund rather than that of the reference index. In each case, the Funds are assigned an investment risk rating in one of the following categories: low, low to medium, medium to high or high risk.

- Low for Funds with a level of risk that is typically associated with investments in money market funds and/or Canadian fixed-income funds;
- Low to Medium for Funds with a level of risk that is typically associated with investments in balanced funds and global and/or corporate fixed-income funds;
- Medium for Funds with a level of risk that is typically associated with investments in equity portfolios that are diversified among a number of large-capitalization Canadian and/or international equity securities;
- Medium to High for Funds with a level of risk that is typically associated with investments in equity funds that may concentrate their investments in specific regions or specific sectors of the economy; and
- High for Funds with a level of risk that is typically associated with investment in equity portfolios that may concentrate their investments in specific regions or specific sectors of the economy where there is a substantial risk of loss (e.g., emerging markets, resource, precious metals).

We may exercise discretion and assign a Fund a higher risk classification than indicated by the 10-year standard deviation if we believe that the Fund may be subject to other foreseeable risks that the 10-year standard deviation does not reflect. The following chart sets out a description of the reference index used for the Funds since they have less than 10 years of performance history:

Table 10: Reference Indexes / Reference Funds

Mackenzie Fund	Reference Index/Reference Fund
Mackenzie Tax-Managed Global Equity Fund	MSCI AC (All Country) World (Net) Index
Mackenzie ChinaAMC All China Bond Fund	70% Bloomberg Barclays China Treasury + Policy Bank Total Return Index; 30% Bloomberg Barclays Asia Ex-Japan USD Credit China Hight Yield Index

The **Bloomberg Barclays Asia Ex-Japan USD Credit China High Yield Index** tracks the performance of high yield, fixed-rate US dollar-denominated debt issued by government-related and corporate Chinese issuers. This index is a subset of the flagship EM Asia USD Credit Index.

The **Bloomberg Barclays China Treasury + Policy Bank Index** is a market capitalization weighted index that aims to reflect the performance of the fixed rate RMB-denominated treasury bonds and policy bank bonds listed on the PRC interbank bond market.

The **MSCI AC (All Country) World (Net) Index** is a free float adjusted, market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets. The index consists of 23 developed and 24 emerging market country indices. Net total returns are after the deduction of withholding tax from the foreign income and dividends of its constituents.

There may be times when we believe this methodology produces a result that does not reflect a Fund's risk based on other qualitative factors. As a result, we may place a Fund in a higher risk rating category, but we will never place a Fund in a lower risk rating category.

You should know that other types of risks, both measurable and nonmeasurable, exist. Also, just as historical performance may not be indicative of future returns, historical volatility may not be indicative of future volatility. The risk rating of each Fund is identified under the sub-heading "**Who Should Invest in this Fund**?" for each Fund described in this **Part B** and is reviewed annually and at anytime that the risk rating is no longer reasonable in the circumstances. A more detailed explanation of the risk classification methodology used to identify the risk ratings of the Funds is available on request, at no cost, by calling toll free at 1-800-387-0614 or by writing to Mackenzie Financial Corporation, 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5V 3K1.

Who Should Invest in this Fund?

This section will help you decide, with your financial advisor's help, whether a Fund is right for you. **This information is only a guide**. In this section, we state the risk rating of the Fund, as based on the categories discussed above, and what type of investor should consider an investment in the Fund. For example, you may want to grow your capital over the long term or want to protect your investment or receive regular cash flows. You may wish to invest outside of a registered plan or may wish to invest in a specific region or industry.

A Fund may be suitable for you as an individual component within your entire portfolio, even if the Fund's risk rating is higher or lower than your personal risk tolerance level. When you choose investments with your financial advisor, you should consider your whole portfolio, investment objectives, your investment time horizon, and your personal risk tolerance level.

Distribution Policy

This section explains the frequency, amount and composition of distributions that you may receive from a Fund. It also explains when you may receive these distributions in cash.

Distribution rules applicable to all series

Each December, the Funds may distribute any undistributed net income and any net capital gains for the year to investors who own units on the distribution record date, but only to the extent required to ensure that the Fund themselves will not pay income tax.

The distributions described above will be reinvested, without charge, in additional units of the series on which they were paid, unless you elect in advance to receive them in cash. You may not elect to receive these distributions in cash if your securities are series AR or PWR securities or securities that you purchased under a Deferred Sales charge purchase option. If your securities are of any other type, you may not elect to receive these distributions in cash if your securities are held in a Mackenzie Investments-sponsored registered plan (unless that registered plan is a TFSA, in which case, you may elect to have these distributions paid outside of the TFSA).

Fund Expenses Indirectly Borne by Investors

Fund costs are generally paid out of each Fund's assets, reducing the investment return on your units. This section contains an example table of the amount of expenses that would be payable by the Fund (for each series of the Fund's units) on a \$1,000 investment, assuming that each Fund earns a constant 5% per year and the MERs for each series of units remain the same as for the past year, for the complete 10 years shown in the example. In the event we have waived a portion of our management fees or Administration Fees, or absorbed some of each Fund's fund costs during the past financial year, the MER would have been higher had it not done so and, consequently, that would have increased the Fund expenses indirectly borne by you. The fees and expenses which you pay directly, and which are not included in each Fund's MERs, are described in the "**Fees and Expenses Payable Directly by You**" section of this document.

The example table will help you to compare the cumulative costs of investing in the Funds with the similar costs of investing in other mutual funds. Please remember that it is only an example and that each Fund's actual expenses will vary each year.

This information is not available when the Funds are new.

MACKENZIE TAX-MANAGED GLOBAL EQUITY FUND

Fund Details

Type of Fund	Global Equity Fund
Start Date	June 18, 2021
Units Offered	Series Start Date
Series A	June 18, 2021
Series D	June 18, 2021
Series F	June 18, 2021
Series FB	June 18, 2021
Series O	June 18, 2021
Series PW	June 18, 2021
Series PWFB	June 18, 2021
Series PWX	June 18, 2021
Registered Plan Qualified	The units are expected to be qualified investments for registered plans

What Does the Fund Invest In?

Investment Objectives

The Fund seeks capital growth over the longer term by investing primarily in a broad range of global equity securities.

The Fund will aim, through the application of a tax overlay strategy, to reduce taxable distributions.

Any proposed change in the fundamental investment objectives of the Fund must be approved by a majority of votes cast at meeting of Fund investors called for that purpose.

Investment Strategies

The investment approach follows a disciplined investment process to construct a portfolio of attractively valued companies with the potential for growth. Stock selection is expected to be the primary contributor to value added, with attention paid to both the upside potential of each company as well as downside risk. Sector allocation is also employed to manage overall portfolio diversification.

The Fund employs a tax-managed strategy to manage the Fund's portfolio in a manner that considers:

- The portfolio managers continuously monitor unrealized capital gains within the Fund and, in certain circumstances, will realize capital losses when it is advantageous, to offset realized capital gains.
- However, a security will not be sold unless it can be replaced with a reasonable substitute.
- Capital losses may also be harvested in other instances to offset future capital gains.
- Generally, the Fund will look to control the amount of turnover in the Fund, as portfolio turnover can result in an increase in taxable distributions to investors.

The Fund may hold cash and/or short-term debt securities in anticipation of, or in response to, unfavourable market conditions; and/or for liquidity purposes.

The Fund may hold a portion of its net assets in securities of other investment funds, including ETFs, in accordance with its investment objectives. There will be no duplication of management fees, incentive fees or sales charges between the fund.

In accordance with applicable securities regulations or as permitted by the exemptions from these regulations and as further described in the "Introduction to Part B – What Does the Fund Invest In?" section of this simplified prospectus, the Fund may

- use derivatives for hedging and non-hedging purposes;
- engage in securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions;
- engage in short selling (the portfolio manager does not currently engage in short selling, but may do so in the future without future notice to investors); and
- invest in gold and silver, and other instruments (such as derivatives and ETFs) that provide exposure to these metals.

If the Fund employs any of these strategies, it will do so in conjunction with its other investment strategies in a manner considered appropriate to pursuing its investment objectives and enhancing its returns.

What are the Risks of Investing in the Fund?

This Fund invests in equity securities, which subjects the Fund to market risk. Since the Fund invests outside of Canada, it is subject to foreign markets risk and to a lesser extent foreign currency risk. These and other risks are described starting on page 1. While the Fund will employ certain tax focused strategies, timing decisions around buying and selling securities are always subject to market movement and many other factors, and there can be no assurance given that the Fund's after tax returns will exceed those that would have occurred had the tax focused strategies never been employed. The following table shows which risks apply to this Fund:

Risk Checklist

	Primary Risk	Secondary Risk	Low or Not a Risk
Capital Depletion			٠
Commodity		٠	
Company	٠		
Concentration			٠
Convertible Securities			٠
Credit		٠	
Cyber Security		٠	
Derivatives		٠	
Emerging Markets		٠	

	Primary Risk	Secondary Risk	Low or Not a Risk
ETF		•	
Extreme Market Disruptions		٠	
Foreign Currency	٠		
Foreign Markets	٠		
High Yield Securities			•
Illiquidity		٠	
Interest Rate		•	
Large Transaction		٠	
Legislation		٠	
Market	٠		
Portfolio Manager		٠	
Prepayment		٠	
Securities Lending, Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Transaction		•	
Senior Loans		٠	
Series		•	

	Primary Risk	Secondary Risk	Low or Not a Risk
Short Selling		٠	
Small Company		٠	
Small/New Fund		٠	
Taxation			٠
Tracking			٠

Who Should Invest in this Fund?

You may not purchase securities of this Fund within a registered plan.

You should consider this Fund if you

- are looking for a medium-risk, global equity fund to hold as part of your portfolio,
- want a medium to long-term investment,
- can handle the volatility of stock markets.

Distribution Policy

Refer to the "Introduction to Part B – Distribution Policy" section of this simplified prospectus.

Fund Expenses Indirectly Borne by Investors

This information is not available because the Fund is new.

MACKENZIE CHINAAMC ALL CHINA BOND FUND

Fund Details

Type of Fund	Global Fixed Income Fund		
Start Date	June 18, 2021		
Units Offered	Series Start Date		
Series A	June 18, 2021		
Series AR	June 18, 2021		
Series D	June 18, 2021		
Series F	June 18, 2021		
Series FB	June 18, 2021		
Series O	June 18, 2021		
Series PW	June 18, 2021		
Series PWFB	June 18, 2021		
Series PWR	June 18, 2021		
Series PWX	June 18, 2021		
Series SC	June 18, 2021		
Registered Plan	The units are expected to be		
Qualified	qualified investments for		
	registered plans		
Sub-Advisor	China Asset Management		
	Company Limited		

What Does the Fund Invest In?

Investment Objectives

The Fund seeks to generate above-average income with the potential for long-term capital growth by investing primarily in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of any size issued by Chinese companies or governments.

Any proposed change in the fundamental investment objectives of the Fund must be approved by a majority of votes cast at meeting of Fund investors called for that purpose.

Investment Strategies

The investment manager utilizes both a top-down and bottom-up selection process to manage the fund. The team utilizes a discipline investment process to systematically identify investment opportunities. The fund will generally have exposure to a combination of the Onshore CNY rate bond market, the Onshore CNY credit market, the Offshore Chinese high-yield credit market, and the Offshore Chinese investment grade credit market. The fund will invest in fixed-income securities with a non-investment-grade credit rating and thus may invest in securities that have a credit rating below "BBB-" as rated by a recognized credit rating organization and may invest in unrated debt instruments.

The fund will invest in a variety of fixed income issues some of which include but are not limited to central government and policy bank issues, corporates, short-term bank deposits, local government funding vehicles, real estate company issues, state owned enterprises, and financials.

The fund actively manages its foreign currency but is expected to predominantly employ a hedging strategy to hedge 100% of the USD exposure back to CAD.

The Fund may hold cash and/or short-term debt securities in anticipation of, or in response to, unfavourable market conditions; and/or for liquidity purposes.

The Fund may hold a portion of its net assets in securities of other investment funds, including ETFs, which may be managed by us, in accordance with its investment objectives. For more information see the "Fund of Funds" disclosure under "Fees and Expenses".

In accordance with applicable securities regulations or as permitted by the exemptions from these regulations and as further described in the "Introduction to Part B – What Does the Fund Invest In?" section of this simplified prospectus, the Fund may

- use derivatives for hedging and non-hedging purposes;
- engage in securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions;
- engage in short selling (the portfolio manager does not currently engage in short selling, but may do so in the future without future notice to investors); and
- invest in gold and silver, and other instruments (such as derivatives and ETFs) that provide exposure to these metals.

If the Fund employs any of these strategies, it will do so in conjunction with its other investment strategies in a manner considered appropriate to pursuing its investment objectives and enhancing its returns.

What are the Risks of Investing in the Fund?

This Fund invests in fixed-income securities, which subjects the Fund to market risk. This Fund is subject to a variety of risks inherent in fixed income investments, including credit risk, interest rate risk, and prepayment risk. Since the Fund invests outside of Canada, it is subject to foreign markets risk and foreign currency risk. These and other risks are described starting on page 1. The following table shows which risks apply to this Fund:

Risk Checklist

	Primary Risk	Secondary Risk	Low or Not a Risk
Capital Depletion			٠
Commodity		٠	
Company	٠		
Concentration	٠		
Convertible Securities		•	
Credit	٠		
Cyber Security		٠	
Derivatives		٠	

	Primary Risk	Secondary Risk	Low or Not a Risk
Emerging Markets	٠		
ETF		٠	
Extreme Market Disruptions		٠	
Foreign Currency	٠		
Foreign Markets	٠		
High Yield Securities		٠	
Illiquidity	•		
Interest Rate	٠		
Large Transaction	٠		
Legislation		٠	
Market	٠		
Portfolio Manager		٠	
Prepayment	٠		
Securities Lending, Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Transaction		•	
Senior Loans		٠	
Series		٠	
Short Selling		٠	
Small Company		٠	
Small/New Fund		٠	
Taxation			٠
Tracking			•

Who Should Invest in this Fund?

You should consider this Fund if you

- are looking for a low-to-medium risk, Chinese fixedincome fund to hold as part of your portfolio,
- want a medium-term investment,
- can handle the volatility of bond markets.

Distribution Policy

Refer to the "Introduction to Part B – Distribution Policy" section of this simplified prospectus.

In addition, the Fund will make monthly distributions of net income. These distributions may be adjusted or discontinued at our discretion. You should not confuse these distributions with the Fund's rate of return or the yield of its portfolio. You must inform us if you wish to receive these distributions in cash, otherwise they will be reinvested, without charge, in additional securities of the series on which they were paid. You may not elect to receive these distributions in cash if your securities are held in a Mackenzie Investments-administered registered plan, unless that registered plan is a TFSA, in which case you may elect to have these distributions paid from the TFSA.

Fund Expenses Indirectly Borne by Investors

This information is not available because the Fund is new.



MACKENZIE FUNDS

Mackenzie Tax-Managed Global Equity Fund

Mackenzie ChinaAMC All China Bond Fund

Additional information about the Fund is available in the fund facts, annual information form, management reports of Fund performance and financial statements. These documents are incorporated by reference in this simplified prospectus, which means that they legally form part of this document just as if they were printed as part of this document.

You can get a copy of these documents, at your request, and at no cost, by calling toll-free 1-800-387-0614, or from your financial advisor or by e-mail at service@mackenzieinvestments.com.

These documents and other information about the Fund, such as information circulars and material contracts, are also available at www.mackenzieinvestments.com or at <u>www.sedar.com</u>.

MANAGER OF THE FUND:

Mackenzie Financial Corporation 180 Queen Street West Toronto, Ontario M5V 3K1